

CW MARKETING B.V.

Annual Report and Financial Statements
31 December 2024

Unaudited

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General information

For the year ended 31st December 2024

Registration

CW Marketing B.V. (hereinafter: "the Company") was incorporated on June 6th, 2017 and is established in Curaçao.

Reporting period

These annual accounts have been prepared for the financial year ended on 31 December 2024

Activities

The activities of the Company, having its legal seat at Curaçao, primarily consist of:

Managing and supporting gaming platforms for remote gaming, including software and hardware components of such platforms, whether for casino, poker or other games, whether to be operated through internet, mobile or interactive media.

Registered office

Schout Bij Nacht
Doormanweg 40, Damacor
P.O Box 4745
Curaçao

Income Statement

For the year ended 31st December 2024

	Note	2024 €	2023 €
Gross Gaming Revenue	2	5.744.491	6.549.828
Cost of Sales	3	<u>(6.035.589)</u>	<u>(5.992.397)</u>
Gross Profit		(291.098)	557.431
Administrative Expenses	4	<u>(1.855.143)</u>	<u>(1.180.223)</u>
Profit before tax		(2.146.241)	(622.792)
Tax expense		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Profit for the year		<u><u>(2.146.241)</u></u>	<u><u>(622.792)</u></u>

The notes on pages 4 to 8 are an integral part of these financial statements.



 June 30, 2025

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31st December 2023

	Note	2024 €	2023 €
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	5	3.257.639	474.301
Cash and cash equivalents		388.723	1.678.875
Total assets		<u>3.646.362</u>	<u>2.153.176</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	6	1.000	1.000
Retained earnings		(2.269.803)	(123.562)
Total equity		<u>(2.268.803)</u>	<u>(122.562)</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		5.773.884	2.115.679
Player funds		141.281	160.060
Other payables		-	-
Total liabilities		<u>5.915.166</u>	<u>2.275.739</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>3.646.363</u>	<u>2.153.176</u>

The notes on pages 4 to 8 are an integral part of these financial statements.



 June 30, 2025

Notes to the financial statements

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these individual financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.1. General

The financial statements are prepared according to the stipulations in chapter 9 Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code. These financial statements are presented in EUR, the Company's functional currency.

Income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis. Profit is only included when realized on balance sheet date. Liabilities and any losses originating before the end of the financial year are taken into account if they have become known before preparation of the financial statements.

1.2. Continuity

These financial statements have been prepared based on going concern basis. The going concern basis of presentation assumes that the company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

Management is of the opinion, that the company's shareholders or other group companies will give the necessary support in case the assumption above mentioned is not realized. Consequently, the Company has applied accounting principles based on going concerns.

1.3. Translation of foreign currency

Receivables, liabilities and obligations denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currency during the financial year are recognized in the financial statements at the exchange rates prevailing at transaction date. The exchange differences resulting from the translation as at balance sheet date, taking into account possible hedge transactions, are recorded in the profit and loss account.

1.4. Valuation of assets and liabilities

1.4.1. General

Valuation of assets and liabilities and determination of the result takes place under the historical cost convention, unless presented otherwise at the relevant principle for the specific balance sheet item, assets and liabilities are valued according to the cost model.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies – continued

1.4. Valuation of assets and liabilities - continued

1.3.2. Financial Fixed Assets

Where significant influence is exercised, associated companies are valued under the net asset value method, but not lower than a nil value. This net asset value is based on the same accounting principles as applied by the Company.

Associated companies with negative net equity value are valued at nil. If the Company fully or partly guarantees the liabilities of the associated company concerned or has the effective obligation respectively to enable the associated company to pay its (share of the) liabilities, a provision formed. Upon determining this provision, provisions for doubtful debts already deducted from receivables from associated company are taken into account.

Where no significant influence is exercised associated companies are valued at cost and if applicable less impairments in value.

1.3.3. Accounts receivable

Upon initial recognition the receivables are valued at fair value and then valued at amortized cost. The fair value and amortized cost equal the face value. Provisions deemed necessary for possible bad debt losses are deducted. These provisions are determined by individual assessment of the receivables.

1.3.4. Equity

Financial instruments are classified as equity, if they have the substance of equity instruments; the legal form is of no consequence.

1.3.5. Current liabilities

Upon initial recognition the receivables are valued at fair value and then valued at amortized cost. The fair value and amortized cost equal the face value. Provisions deemed necessary for possible bad debt losses are deducted

1.3.6. Accruals and deferred income

Upon initial recognition, accruals and deferred income are stated at fair value and then valued at amortized costs.

1.5. Accounting policies in respect of determination

1.5.1. Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced for goods and services supplied during the financial year reported on, net of discounts and value added taxes. Revenues from services are recognized in proportion to the services rendered. The cost price of these services is allocated to the same period.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies - continued

1.5. Accounting policies in respect of determination - continued

1.5.2. Other Operating Expenses

Costs are taken into account under the historical cost convention and allocated to the period concerned.

1.5.3. Net financial result

Interest income and expenses consist of interest received from or paid to third parties.

1.5.4. Taxation

Corporate income tax is calculated at the applicable rate on the result for the financial year, taking into account permanent differences between profit calculated according to the financial statements and profit calculated for taxation purposes, and with which deferred tax assets (if applicable) are only valued insofar as their realization is likely.

2. Gross Gaming Revenue

Gross gaming revenue consists of bets placed by clients minus wins of clients arise from their bets. In addition, it consists of balance corrections and other trivial adjustments and other income

3. Cost of Sales

	2024	2023
	€	€
Clients bonus cost	1.424.908	411.224
Payment services fees	624.685	124.473
Platform Fee	488.658	907.483
Casino provider fees	1.424.783	1.653.666
Sportsbook provider fees	310.355	237.419
Affiliates Costs	1.069.464	2.344.223
White label costs	132.134	112.000
Hosting and Cloud services	492.652	201.910
	<u>6.035.589</u>	<u>5.992.397</u>

4. Administrative Expenses

	2024	2023
	€	€
KYC verification fees	10.018	3.189
Messaging services	4.770	14.931
Design services	12.860	63.750
Accounting and admin Fees	11.200	11.200
Corporate Services	137.500	249.469
Bank charges	54.028	11.734
Compliance fees	-	14.600
License fee	22.546	46.408
Marketing fees	659.322	195.950
Software Fees	510.553	173.897
Legal Fees	30.090	12.389
Other professional fees	245.000	115.947
Player support and operation Fees	157.255	266.759
	<u>1.855.143</u>	<u>1.180.223</u>

5. Trade and other receivables

	2024	2023
	€	€
Amounts due by third parties	3.257.639	474.301
	<u>3.257.639</u>	<u>474.301</u>

The amounts due by shareholder is interest-free, unsecured and payable on demand.

6. Equity

	Issued Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	€	€	€
As at 31 December 2023	1.000	(123.562)	(122.562)
Profit for the period	-	(2.146.241)	(2.146.241)
Dividends distribution	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2024	<u>1.000</u>	<u>(2.269.803)</u>	<u>(2.268.803)</u>

7. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	€	€
Amounts due to related parties		1.072.253
Amounts due to third parties	5.773.884	280.147
Dividends		763.279
	<u>5.773.884</u>	<u>2.115.679</u>

8. Statutory provision regarding appropriation of result

In the articles of incorporation, it states that the profit shall be at free disposal of the general meeting. Any distribution of the profit shall be made after approval of the annual account. Consequently, the following has been presented concerning the appropriation of the result.

9. Appropriation of result

The management of the company proposes to appropriate the result as follows:

The negative result of EUR 2.146.241 will be deducted in full from the Retained Earnings.