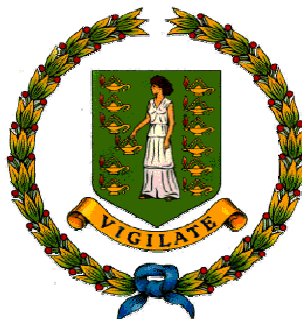


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BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

BVI BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)

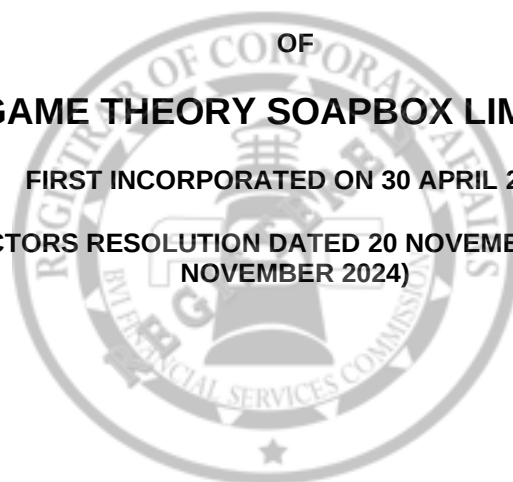
**SECOND AMENDED & RESTATED
MEMORANDUM & ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

OF

GAME THEORY SOAPBOX LIMITED

FIRST INCORPORATED ON 30 APRIL 2013

**(ADOPTED BY DIRECTORS RESOLUTION DATED 20 NOVEMBER 2024 AND FILED ON 21
NOVEMBER 2024)**



REF: [AL/AH/G2039-H09351]

TERRITORY OF THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

BVI BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)

SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GAME THEORY SOAPBOX LIMITED

NAME

1. The name of the Company is **GAME THEORY SOAPBOX LIMITED** (the "**Company**").

CHANGE OF NAME

2. The Company may make application to the Registrar of Corporate Affairs in the approved form to change its name in accordance with section 21 of the Act and the change of name takes effect from the date of the certificate of change of name issued by the Registrar of Corporate Affairs.

TYPE OF COMPANY

3. The Company is a company limited by shares.

REGISTERED OFFICE AND REGISTERED AGENT

4. The first Registered Office of the Company will be situate at the offices of P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.
5. The first Registered Agent of the Company will be Offshore Incorporations Limited of P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.
6. The Company may, by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors, change the location of its Registered Office or change its Registered Agent and any such changes shall take effect on the registration by the Registrar of Corporate Affairs of a notice of change, filed by the existing Registered Agent or a legal practitioner in the British Virgin Islands acting on behalf of the Company.

LIMITATIONS ON BUSINESS OF COMPANY

7. The business and activities of the Company are limited to those businesses and activities which it is not prohibited from engaging in under any law for the time being in force in the British Virgin Islands.
8. Subject to the Act, any other enactment and this Memorandum (including, without limitation, paragraph 7 immediately above of this Memorandum) and the Articles, the Company has:
 - (a) full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any transaction; and
 - (b) for the purposes of paragraph (a) immediately above, full rights, powers and privileges.

NUMBER, CLASSES AND PAR VALUE OF SHARES

9. The Company is authorised to issue a maximum of 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares as follows:

- (a) 300,000 Ordinary A Shares with a par value of US\$0.001 each; and
- (b) 49,700,000 Ordinary B Shares with a par value of US\$0.001 each.

RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SHARES

- 10. All Shares shall (in addition to any rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attaching to any of the Shares as provided for elsewhere in this Memorandum or in the Articles) have the right to one vote on any Resolution of Shareholders.
- 11. Upon the occurrence of a Liquidity Event, payments to Shareholders shall be made according to the following order of priority:
 - (a) first, to the Ordinary A Shareholders, pro rata and pari passu between all Ordinary A Shareholders based on the number of Ordinary A Shares held, until a cumulative amount equal to 300% of the aggregate amount paid for the purchase of Ordinary A Shares by the Ordinary A Shareholders under Clause 2.1(c) of the Shareholders Agreement, has been paid to the Ordinary A Shareholders;
 - (b) second, to the Ordinary B Shareholders, pro rata and pari passu between all Ordinary B Shareholders based on the number of Ordinary B Shares held, until a cumulative amount equal to the payments made to the Ordinary A Shareholders under Article 11(a) has been paid to the Ordinary B Shareholders; and
 - (c) third, pro rata and pari passu between all Shareholders.
- 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Memorandum and Articles, the Shareholders agree to procure that none of the following matters (the “**Reserved Matters**”) shall be undertaken by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries without the prior approval of at least four Directors:
 - (a) any amendment to the Memorandum or Articles or the memorandum or articles of association of any Subsidiary;
 - (b) the creation, consolidation, sub-division, conversion or cancellation of any Shares of the Company or any Subsidiary;
 - (c) the merger or amalgamation of the Company or any Subsidiary with any other entity;
 - (d) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or any Subsidiary;
 - (e) the issue or allotment of any Shares in the Company or any shares of any Subsidiary or the creation of any option or right to subscribe or acquire, or convert any security into, any Shares of the Company or any Subsidiary other than any such issue or allotment made in accordance with the Employee Incentive Plan and/or any shareholder vesting agreement entered into by the Company from time to time;
 - (f) any reduction of the issued Shares in the Company or any Subsidiary;
 - (g) the purchase or redemption of any Shares in the Company or any Subsidiary;
 - (h) any resolution to wind up the Company or any Subsidiary;
 - (i) the filing of a petition for winding up by the Company or any Subsidiary or the making of any arrangement with creditors generally or any application for an administration order or for the appointment of a receiver or administrator;
 - (j) the repayment of capital or assets to members by the Company or any Subsidiary;

- (k) any material change in the nature or scope of the Business or the business of a Subsidiary, including the introduction or discontinuance of any field of activity and the relocation or expansion of the Business or the business of a Subsidiary;
 - (l) making any investment, or the liquidation of any investment made by the Company or any Subsidiary, in any other person or business in excess of the budget of the investing Company or its investing Subsidiary by \$1,000,000;
 - (m) the acquisition of any asset by the Company or any Subsidiary with a value in excess of the budget of the acquiring Company or its acquiring Subsidiary of \$1,000,000;
 - (n) the raising of any indebtedness other than by way of trade credit on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of the Business or the business of a Subsidiary or the variation or termination of any agreement for the raising of any such indebtedness (including without limitation early repayment) by the Company or any Subsidiary in excess of \$100,000;
 - (o) the creation or redemption of any mortgage, charge, debenture, pledge, lien or other encumbrance or security interest over any of the assets, property, undertaking or uncalled capital of the Company or any Subsidiary of an amount in excess of \$100,000;
 - (p) the issue of any guarantee by the Company or any Subsidiary for debts of third parties outside the Group of an amount in excess of \$100,000; or
 - (q) any capital expenditure incurred by the Company or any Subsidiary individually or in aggregate in excess of the budget of the Company or any Subsidiary by \$500,000.
13. For the purposes of section 9 of the Act, any rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attaching to any of the Shares as provided for in the Articles are deemed to be set out and stated in full in this Memorandum.

FRACTIONAL SHARES

14. The Company may issue Fractional Shares. A Fractional Share shall have the corresponding fractional rights, obligations and liabilities of a whole Share of the same Class. If more than one fraction of a Share of the same Class is issued to or acquired by the same Shareholder such fractions shall be accumulated.

VARIATION OF CLASS RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

15. If at any time, there are different Classes or Series of Shares in issue, unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class or Series, the rights and privileges attaching to any such Class or Series of Shares may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued Shares of that Class or Series and of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued Shares of any other Class or Series of Shares which may be adversely affected by such variation.

RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES NOT VARIED BY THE ISSUE OF SHARES PARI PASSU

16. The rights and privileges conferred upon the Shareholder of any Class of Shares issued with preferred or other rights and privileges shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

NO BEARER SHARES

17. The Company is not authorised to issue bearer shares and all Shares shall be issued as registered shares.

NO EXCHANGE FOR BEARER SHARES

18. Shares may not be exchanged for, or converted into, bearer shares.

TRANSFERS OF SHARES

19. Subject to the provisions of this Memorandum and the Articles, Shares in the Company may be transferred.

AMENDMENT OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

20. Subject to Clause 12, the Company may amend its Memorandum or Articles by a Resolution of Shareholders or by a Resolution of Directors except that the Directors have no power to amend the Memorandum or the Articles:
- (a) to restrict the rights or powers of the Shareholders to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
 - (b) to change the percentage of Shareholders required to pass a resolution to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
 - (c) in circumstances where the Memorandum or the Articles cannot be amended by the Shareholders; or
 - (d) to change the provisions of paragraphs 10, 11, 15, 16 or 20 of the Memorandum.

DEFINITIONS

21. Words used in this Memorandum and not defined herein shall have the meanings set out in the Articles.

SHAREHOLDER LIABILITY

22. The liability of a Shareholder to the Company, as shareholder, is limited to:
- (a) any amount unpaid on a Share held by the Shareholder;
 - (b) (where applicable) any liability expressly provided for in this Memorandum or the Articles; and
 - (c) any liability to repay a distribution under section 58(1) of the Act.
23. A Shareholder has no liability, as a member, for the liabilities of the Company.

SEPARATE LEGAL ENTITY AND PERPETUAL EXISTENCE

24. In accordance with section 27 of the Act, the Company is a legal entity in its own right separate from its Shareholders and continues in existence until it is dissolved.

EFFECT OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

25. In accordance with section 11(1) of the Act, this Memorandum and the Articles are binding as between:

- (a) the Company and each Shareholder of the Company; and
 - (b) each Shareholder of the Company.
26. In accordance with section 11(2) of the Act, the Company, the board of Directors, each Director and each Shareholder of the Company has the rights, powers, duties and obligations set out in the Act except to the extent that they are negated or modified, as permitted by the Act, by this Memorandum or the Articles.
27. In accordance with section 11(3) of the Act, this Memorandum and the Articles have no effect to the extent that they contravene or are inconsistent with the Act.



We, OFFSHORE INCORPORATIONS LIMITED of P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands for the purpose of incorporating a BVI Business Company under the laws of the British Virgin Islands hereby sign this Memorandum of Association this 30th day of April, 2013.

Incorporator



(Sd.) Rexella D. Hodge
Authorised Signatory
OFFSHORE INCORPORATIONS LIMITED



TERRITORY OF THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS
BVI BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)
SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
GAME THEORY SOAPBOX LIMITED

The following shall comprise the Articles of Association of GAME THEORY SOAPBOX LIMITED (the "**Company**").

INTERPRETATION

1. In these Articles the following defined terms will have the meanings ascribed to them, if not inconsistent with the subject or context:

"**Acceptance Notice**" has the meaning given in Article 37;

"**Act**" means the BVI Business Companies Act (As Revised), including any modification, amendment, extension, re-enactment or renewal thereof and any regulations made thereunder;

"**Altostratus**" means Altostratus Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands;

"**Annual Budget**" has the meaning given in Article 167(c)(ii);

"**Articles**" means these articles of association of the Company, as amended and/or restated from time to time;

"**Attorney**" has the meaning given in Article 128;

"**Authorised Person**" has the meaning given in Article 22;

"**Authorised Signatory**" has the meaning given in Article 128;

"**Bad Leaver**" means a person becoming a Leaver in circumstances where they are not a Good Leaver or an Intermediate Leaver or if they are a Good Leaver or an Intermediate Leaver a Subsequent Trigger Event has occurred;

"**Board**" means the Directors, or such of those Directors present at a duly convened meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present in accordance with these Articles;

"**Business**" means the business of the Company as referred to in Clause 3.1 of the Shareholders Agreement;

"**Business Day**" means any day (other than a Saturday or Sunday or a bank or public holiday in Hong Kong);

"**Capital Raising**" means the raising of capital for the needs of the Company by way of an issuance of Equity Securities by the Company;

"**Chairman**" means the chairman of the Company or the chairman of the Board appointed from time to time, as the context requires;

"Chief Financial Officer" means the chief financial officer of the Company, appointed from time to time;

"Class" or **"Classes"** means any class or classes of Shares as may from time to time be issued by the Company;

"Committee of Directors" has the meaning given in Article 126;

"Convertible Securities" has the meaning given in Article 55(c);

"Date of Adoption" means 30 October 2024;

"Directors" means the directors of the Company for the time being, or as the case may be, the directors assembled as a board or as a committee thereof, and **"Director"** means any one of them;

"Dissenting Shareholders" has the meaning given in Article 61;

"Distribution" means, in relation to a distribution by the Company to a Shareholder:

- (a) the direct or indirect transfer of an asset, other than Shares, to or for the benefit of the Shareholder; or
- (b) the incurring of a debt to or for the benefit of the Shareholder,

in relation to the Shares held by the Shareholder, and whether by means of the purchase of an asset, the purchase, redemption or other acquisition of Shares, a transfer of indebtedness or otherwise, and includes a dividend;

"Drag Accepting Shareholders" has the meaning given in Article 61;

"Drag Along Notice" has the meaning given in Article 61;

"Drag Offer" has the meaning given in Article 60;

"Effective Termination Date" means the date on which the Employee's employment or consultancy with the Company (or relevant Group Company) terminates;

"Employee" means an individual who is employed by or provides consultancy services to the Company or any member of the Group;

"Employee Benefit Trust" means any trust which may be established with the approval of the Board for the benefit of the Employees (which may include former Employees);

"Employee Incentive Plan" means any employee incentive plan approved by the Board from time to time;

"Encumbrance" means any interest or equity of any person (including, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any right to acquire, option, right of pre-emption or right of conversion) or any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien or assignment or any other encumbrance, priority or security interest or arrangement of whatsoever nature over or in the relevant property;

"Equity Securities" means Shares, any preference shares, other shares, options, convertible notes, warrants or other securities or instruments convertible or exercisable into Shares or other securities in the Company;

"Fractional Share" means a fraction of a Share;

"Good Leaver" a person becoming a Leaver by virtue of their resignation (i) in response to the Company's repudiatory breach of the Employee's employment contract (as determined by a competent court or tribunal) (ii) as a result of serious ill health which prevents or is likely to prevent the Employee from performing his or her duties for a period in excess of 6 months which shall be confirmed by a medical examination by a qualified practitioner or (iii) with the unanimous agreement of the Board;

"Group" means a group of companies comprising every company which, directly or indirectly, is a Subsidiary of the same Holding Company, and such a group includes the Holding Company and each such company is a **"Group Company"**;

"Indemnifiable Person" has the meaning given in Article 175;

"Intermediate Leaver" means a person becoming a Leaver by reason of dismissal other than (a) the lawful termination of that person's contract of employment or consultancy without notice or payment in lieu of notice as a consequence of that person's misconduct or as otherwise permitted pursuant to the terms of that person's contract of employment or consultancy (b) as a result of a finding of underperformance or the shortfall in achievement of that person's financial and/or other performance indicators as determined by the Board or a person who ceases to be an Employee by reason of their resignation in circumstances where they are not a Good Leaver;

"Investors" means the Shareholders excluding Altostratus;

"Leaver" means an Employee who ceases to be a director, an employee, consultant of, to, or otherwise engaged by a Group Company and who, in any such case, does not continue as a director, an employee, consultant of or to or be otherwise engaged by another Group Company, unless determined otherwise for the purposes of these Articles by the Board;

"Liquidity Event" means:

- (a) a disposal of the whole or substantially the whole of the shares, assets, business and undertakings of the Company by whatever means;
- (b) an order being made for the winding up or dissolution of the Company;
- (c) a liquidator or provisional liquidator being appointed to the Company;
- (d) a resolution being passed to effect the voluntary or involuntary winding up of the Company;
- (e) the Company being otherwise wound up, deregistered, dissolved or liquidated; or
- (f) the declaration of any dividends by the Company.

"Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of the Company, as amended and/or restated from time to time;

"Offer Shares" has the meaning given in Article 56;

"Offered Shares" has the meaning given in Article 35;

"Officer" means any natural person or corporation appointed by the Directors as an officer of the Company and may include a Chairman, a vice chairman of the Board, a president, one or more vice presidents, secretaries and treasurers and such other officers as may from time to time be deemed desirable but shall exclude any auditor appointed by the Company;

"Person" means any natural person, firm, company, joint venture, partnership, corporation, association or other entity (whether or not having a separate legal personality) or any of them as the context so requires;

"Proposed Transfer" has the meaning given in Article 54;

"Purchaser" has the meaning given in Article 54;

"Register of Directors" means the register of the Directors of the Company required to be kept pursuant to the Act;

"Register of Members" means the register of the members of the Company required to be kept pursuant to the Act;

"Registered Agent" means the registered agent of the Company from time to time, as required by the Act;

"Registered Office" means the registered office of the Company from time to time, as required by the Act;

"Reserved Matter" has the meaning given in Clause 12 of the Memorandum;

"Resolution of Directors" means a resolution:

- (a) approved at a duly convened and constituted meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors, by the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the Directors present at such meeting who voted and did not abstain; or
- (b) consented to in writing or by telex, telegram, cable, facsimile or other written electronic communications by a simple majority of the Directors or a simple majority of the members of a committee of Directors, as the case may be, in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Directors and the effective date of the resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument, or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed,

and where a Director is given more than one vote in any circumstances, he shall in the circumstances be counted for the purposes of establishing a majority, by the number of votes he casts;

"Resolution of Shareholders" means a resolution:

- (a) passed by a simple majority, or such larger majority as may be specified in the Memorandum or these Articles, of such Shareholders as, being entitled to do so, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a meeting of Shareholders of the Company and where a poll is taken regard shall be had in computing a majority to the number of votes to which each Shareholder is entitled; or
- (b) approved in writing by a majority, or such larger majority as may be specified in the Memorandum or these Articles, of such Shareholders entitled to vote at a meeting of Shareholders of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Shareholders and the effective date of the resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument, or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed;

"Sale Date" has the meaning given in Article 56;

"Seal" means the common seal of the Company;

"Secretary" means any natural person or corporation appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the secretary of the Company;

"Sellers" has the meaning given in Article 54;

"Series" means a division of a Class as may from time to time be issued by the Company;

"Share" means a share in the Company issued subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum and these Articles. All references to **"Shares"** herein shall be deemed to be Shares of any or all Classes or Series as the context may require. For the avoidance of doubt in these Articles the expression **"Share"** shall include any Fractional Share;

"Shareholder" means a Person whose name is entered as a holder of one or more Shares in the Register of Members;

"Shareholders Agreement" means the shareholders' agreement relating to the Company between the Company and certain of its Shareholders dated 20 December 2013;

"signed" means bearing a signature or representation of a signature affixed by mechanical means;

"Solvency Test" means the solvency test prescribed by section 56 of the Act and set out in Article 160;

"Specified Price" has the meaning given in Article 55;

"Subsequent Trigger Event" means the Board becoming aware, after a Leaver's Effective Termination Date, that the Leaver concerned has, at any time (whether before, on or after the relevant Effective Termination Date), acted in a manner which if such actions had been known at the Effective Termination Date (and, where applicable, if such acts had occurred prior to the Effective Termination Date), would have caused that Leaver to be categorised as a Bad Leaver or has committed a material breach of any non-compete obligations owed to the Company under any shareholders agreement or under such person's terms of engagement or employment;

"Subsidiary" means a company which is a subsidiary of another company (the **"Holding Company"**) where

- (i) the Holding Company is a member of the subsidiary and controls the composition of the subsidiary's board of Directors;
- (ii) the Holding Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of the votes which may be cast at general meetings of the subsidiary; or
- (iii) the subsidiary is a subsidiary of any other company which is itself a subsidiary of the Holding Company;

"Tag Accepting Shareholder" has the meaning given in Article 58;

"Tag Along Notice" has the meaning given in Article 56;

"Tag Offer" has the meaning given in Article 55;

"Transfer Notice" has the meaning given in Article 35;

"Transfer Terms" means that the Shares being sold shall be sold and bought free from any Encumbrance with full title guarantee together with all rights attaching thereto or at any time thereafter;

"Transferor" has the meaning given in Article 35; and

"Treasury Shares" means Shares that were previously issued but were purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired by the Company and not cancelled.

2. In these Articles, save where the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa;
- (b) words importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender and any Person as the context may require;
- (c) the word "may" shall be construed as permissive and the word "shall" shall be construed as imperative;
- (d) reference to a statutory enactment shall include reference to any amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;
- (e) reference to any determination by the Directors shall be construed as a determination by the Directors in their sole and absolute discretion and shall be applicable either generally or in any particular case;
- (f) reference to a dollar or dollars (or \$) and to a cent or cents is reference to dollars and cents of the United States; and
- (g) reference to "in writing" shall be construed as written or represented by any means reproducible in writing, including any form of print, lithograph, email, facsimile, photograph or telex or represented by any other substitute or format for storage or transmission for writing or partly one and partly another.

3. Subject to the last two preceding Articles, any words defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

PRELIMINARY

- 4. The business of the Company may be commenced at any time after incorporation.
- 5. The Registered Office shall be at such address in the British Virgin Islands as the Shareholders or Directors may from time to time determine. The Company may in addition establish and maintain such other offices and places of business and agencies in such places as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- 6. The expenses incurred in the formation of the Company and in connection with the offer for subscription and issue of Shares shall be paid by the Company.
- 7. The Directors shall keep, or cause to be kept, the original Register of Members at such place as the Directors may from time to time determine and, in the absence of any such determination, the original Register of Members shall be kept at the office of the Registered Agent.

SHARES

- 8. Subject to the Act, the Memorandum, including without limitation Clause 12, and these Articles, including without limitation Article 20, all Shares for the time being unissued shall be under the control of the Directors who may:
 - (a) issue, allot and dispose of the same to such Persons, in such manner, on such terms and having such rights and being subject to such restrictions as they may from time to time determine; and

- (b) grant options with respect to such Shares and issue warrants or similar instruments with respect thereto;

and, for such purposes, the Directors may reserve an appropriate number of Shares for the time being unissued.

9. Subject to these Articles and provided that a corresponding amendment is made to paragraph 9 of the Memorandum to reflect the resulting Classes of Shares, the Directors may authorise the division of Shares into any number of Classes and Series and the different Classes and Series shall be authorised, established and designated (or re-designated as the case may be) as determined by a Resolution of Directors or by a Resolution of Shareholders.
10. The pre-emption rights set out in section 46 of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
11. The Company may insofar as may be permitted by law, pay a commission in any form to any Person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe whether absolutely or conditionally for any Shares. The Company may also pay such brokerage as may be lawful on any issue of Shares.
12. The Directors may refuse to accept any application for Shares, and may accept any application in whole or in part, for any reason or for no reason.
13. The Company may treat the holder of a Share as named in the Register of Members as the only Person entitled to:
 - (a) exercise any voting rights attaching to the Share;
 - (b) receive notices;
 - (c) receive a Distribution; and
 - (d) exercise other rights and powers attaching to the Share.
14. The Company may, subject to the terms of the Act and these Articles, issue bonus Shares, partly paid Shares and nil paid Shares.
15. Shares may, subject to the terms of the Act and these Articles, be issued for consideration in any form, including money, a promissory note or other written obligation to contribute money or property, real property, personal property (including goodwill and know how), services rendered or a contract for future services.
16. When the consideration in respect of the Share has been paid, that Share is for all purposes fully paid, but where the Share is not fully paid on issue the Share is subject to forfeiture in the manner prescribed in these Articles.
17. Shares may be issued for such amount of consideration as the Directors may from time to time by Resolution of Directors determine, except that in the case of Shares issued with a par value, the consideration paid or payable shall not be less than the par value.
18. Before issuing Shares for a consideration other than money, the Directors shall by a Resolution of Directors state:
 - (a) the amount to be credited for the issue of the Shares;
 - (b) their determination of the reasonable present cash value of any non-money consideration for the issue; and
 - (c) that, in their opinion, the present cash value of the non-money consideration for the issue is not less than the amount to be credited for the issue of the Shares.

19. A Share issued by the Company upon conversion of, or in exchange for, another Share or a debt obligation or other security in the Company, shall be treated for all purposes as having been issued for money equal to the consideration received or deemed to have been received by the Company in respect of the other Share, debt obligation or security.

RIGHTS OF PRE-EMPTION

20. The Company shall not issue or grant any right or option to any Equity Securities without following the procedure in Article 21, except under a duly adopted Employee Incentive Plan and/or any shareholder vesting agreement entered into by the Company from time to time.
21. At least thirty Business Days before any proposed Capital Raising, the Company shall deliver to each Shareholder a notice stating details of the proposed Capital Raising including details of all material terms and conditions of the proposed offering. For a period of fifteen Business Days following delivery of the notice, the Shareholders may, by written notice to the Company, elect to purchase a number of Equity Securities offered in the proposed Capital Raising pro-rata in such a proportion that their respective total holding of Shares (of both Ordinary A Shares and Ordinary B Shares) bears to the other Shareholders. In the event that a Shareholder elects not to take up their pre-emptive right of Equity Securities, the other Shareholders shall have the right to purchase such available Equity Securities. If any Equity Securities remain unallocated, the Company may issue the remaining Equity Securities to any other person on terms no more favourable than the terms offered to the other Shareholders.

CERTIFICATES

22. Unless the Directors otherwise determine, share certificates shall not be issued. However, the Company shall, at the request of a Shareholder, issue a share certificate evidencing the number and Class of Shares held by that Shareholder signed by a Director or such other Person who has been duly authorised by a Resolution of Directors (an "**Authorised Person**") or under the Seal, with or without the signature of a Director or an Authorised Person. The signature of the Director or of the Authorised Person and the Seal may be a facsimile.
23. Any Shareholder receiving a share certificate for Shares shall indemnify and hold the Company and its Directors and Officers harmless from any loss or liability which it or they may incur by reason of the issue of that share certificate. If a share certificate for Shares is worn out or lost it may be renewed or replaced on production of the worn out certificate or on satisfactory proof of its loss together with such indemnity as may be required by a Resolution of Directors.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

24. Where Shares are not fully paid on issue or have been issued subject to forfeiture, the following provisions shall apply.
25. Written notice of a call specifying a date for payment to be made in respect of a Share shall be served on a Shareholder who defaults in making payment in respect of that Share.
26. The written notice referred to in the immediately preceding Article shall:
- (a) name a further date not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b) contain a statement that in the event of non-payment at or before the time named in the notice the Shares, or any of them, in respect of which payment is not made will be liable to be forfeited.
27. Where a written notice has been issued under these Articles and the requirements have not been complied with, the Directors may at any time before tender of payment forfeit and cancel the Shares to which the notice relates.

28. The Company is under no obligation to refund any moneys to the Shareholder whose Shares have been forfeited and cancelled pursuant to these Articles. Upon forfeiture and cancellation of the Shares the Shareholder is discharged from any further obligation to the Company with respect to the Shares forfeited and cancelled.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

29. Subject to these Articles, Shares are transferred by a written instrument of transfer, on the Transfer Terms.
30. The instrument of transfer of any Share shall be in any usual or common form or such other form as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, approve and be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and if in respect of a nil or partly paid up Share, or where the transfer otherwise imposes a liability to the Company on the transferee, or if so required by the Directors, shall also be executed by or on behalf of the transferee and shall be accompanied by the certificate (if any) of the Shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a Shareholder until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect of the relevant Shares.
31. The Directors may in their absolute discretion decline to register any transfer of Shares without assigning any reason therefor.
32. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine.
33. All instruments of transfer effecting a transfer which is registered shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer relating to a transfer which the Directors decline to register shall (except in any case of fraud) be returned to the Person depositing the same.
34. Save as contemplated in the Shareholders Agreement, each of the Shareholders shall not create or permit to exist any Encumbrance over or in respect of all or any part of its Shares nor assign or otherwise purport to deal with its beneficial ownership in, or any right relating to, its Shares separate from the legal ownership of such Shares

RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

35. If any Shareholder proposes to sell any Shares (the “**Transferor**”), the Transferor shall provide a notice (a “**Transfer Notice**”) to the other Shareholders identifying the Shares proposed to be sold (the “**Offered Shares**”) inviting Shareholders to notify the Transferor whether they wish to purchase any of the Offered Shares.
36. The Transfer Notice constitutes an offer by the Transferor to sell the Offered Shares to Shareholders at the price nominated by the Transferor (being the price at which a bona fide third party offeree is prepared to purchase the Offered Shares on arms’ length terms).
37. Shareholders shall have the right, by providing an acceptance notice (“**Acceptance Notice**”) to the Transferor to purchase the Offered Shares on the terms set out in the Transfer Notice.
38. If a Shareholder fails to deliver an Acceptance Notice within 21 Business Days after receipt of the Transfer Notice such Shareholder is deemed to have elected not to exercise the right of first refusal provided in Articles 35 to 42 – *Right of First Refusal*.
39. Offered Shares shall be allocated among the other Shareholders electing to purchase Offered Shares as follows:
- (a) if the Transferor receives offers for equal to or less than the number of Offered Shares, the Transferor must sell to each other Shareholder electing to purchase Offered Shares the number of Offered Shares that such Shareholder has offered to buy;

- (b) if the Transferor receives offers for more than the number of Offered Shares, the Offered Shares must be allocated pro rata to the other Shareholders electing to purchase Offered Shares in proportion to their total shareholdings (of both Ordinary A Shares and Ordinary B Shares on an as converted basis);
 - (c) if any Offered Shares remain unallocated then such Offered Shares must be re-offered to those Shareholders who offered to buy more than the number of Offered Shares already allocated to them on a pro rata basis in proportion to their total shareholdings (of both Ordinary A Shares and Ordinary B Shares on an as converted basis).
- 40. If the other Shareholders elect to purchase Offered Shares, the Transferor must sell, and the other Shareholders must purchase, the Offered Shares such Shareholder(s) elected (or was allocated) to purchase at the price and otherwise on the terms and conditions set out in the Transfer Notice.
- 41. If after the operation of Articles 35 to 40 there are any Offered Shares which have not been purchased, the Transferor may proceed to sell such Offered Shares to a third party, however, if the Board reasonably determines that the third party is a competitor of the Company, the Board must first approve the sale of the Offered Shares to the proposed third party, such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 42. The restrictions in Articles 35 to 42 – *Right of First Refusal* shall not apply if the holders of 90% in number of the Shares consent in writing to a specific transfer of Shares or to any transfer of Shares by an Employee to any nominee set up by or approved by the Board to hold Shares on behalf of Employees or former Employees or from any such nominee to any Employee or former Employee beneficially entitled to them.
- 43. The restrictions in Articles 35 to 42 – *Right of First Refusal* shall not apply to any transfer of Shares in accordance with Articles 44 to 53.

COMPULSORY TRANSFERS BY EMPLOYEES

- 44. Articles 45 to 53 apply when an Employee who is a Shareholder and who holds Shares acquired on or after the Date of Adoption becomes a Leaver. No Compulsory Sale Securities shall be transferred by a Shareholder without the Resolution of the Board whilst any of the provisions of Articles 45 to 51 continue to be applicable.
- 45. At any time within the period starting on the Effective Termination Date and ending 12 months after the Effective Termination Date, the Board may serve notice (a "**Compulsory Sale Notice**") on the relevant Leaver (a "**Compulsory Seller**") requiring such person to offer some or all of the Shares acquired on or after the Date of Adoption registered in his name, held by any nominee for him beneficially or to which he is or may become entitled whether as a result of his holding of Shares or otherwise including as a result if the exercise of options under any Employee Incentive Plan ("**Compulsory Sale Securities**") to such persons in the categories below as determined by the Board and with such priority on allocation as determined by the Board:
 - (a) to the Company;
 - (b) any prospective Employee (provided that such prospective Employee has unconditionally accepted any such offer of employment at the relevant time);
 - (c) any existing Employee;
 - (d) any Employee Benefit Trust; and/or
 - (e) any other Shareholder.

For the purposes of this Article in determining whether any Shares acquired on the exercise of an option are Compulsory Sale Securities such Shares shall be treated as if they had been issued on the date of grant of the option and not the date of exercise. A Leaver may elect, in consultation with the Board, by giving notice in writing to the Company to treat any Shares which are not Compulsory Sale Securities as Compulsory Sale Securities and to request the Board to serve a Compulsory Sale Notice in respect of such Shares. The Board will consider in good faith any such request but nothing in this Article shall require the Company to purchase or to procure purchasers for such Shares.

46. The relevant Compulsory Seller will transfer or procure the transfer of the Compulsory Sale Securities free from all Encumbrances and together with all rights attaching to them on the terms set out in Articles 47 to 53. The price of the Compulsory Sale Securities to be transferred pursuant to Article 45 will be determined in accordance with Article 47.

47. The price for the Compulsory Sale Securities to be transferred in relation to:

- (a) a Good Leaver shall be the higher of Cost Price for such Compulsory Sale Securities (including and premium) and their Market Value on the Effective Termination Date;
- (b) an Intermediate Leaver shall be the higher of Cost Price for such Compulsory Sale Securities (including and premium) and 75% of their Market Value on the Effective Termination Date; and
- (c) a Bad Leaver shall be the lower of Cost Price for such Compulsory Sale Securities (including and premium) and their Market Value on the Effective Termination Date;

in each case to be paid in cash.

48. **"Cost Price"** for the purposes of Article 47 will be the issue price (including any premium) of such Compulsory Sale Securities (or, where any of such Compulsory Sale Securities were acquired by a Compulsory Seller by way of transfer rather than allotment, the amount paid by such Compulsory Seller on the transfer)

49. **"Market Value"** for the purposes of Article 47 will be the price agreed between the Leaver and the Board or otherwise as determined by the Board in consultation with the Company's accountants according to the principles set out in Article 50 and the Board's determination shall be final and binding save in the case of manifest error.

50. Market Value will be determined by first valuing the Company as a whole:

- (a) assuming, if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, that it will continue to do so;
- (b) assuming that the entire issued share capital of the Company is being sold as between a willing buyer and a willing seller by arm's-length private treaty for cash payable in full on completion; and
- (c) taking account of any Shares which may be allotted and/or issued pursuant to options which have been granted by the Company and which are still outstanding (including any exercise monies that will be received by the Company in respect of such options).

and having valued the Company as a whole, the Market Value of the securities concerned will be determined without having regard to whether the securities concerned represent a majority or a minority interest and without having regard to the rights and restrictions attached to the securities concerned in respect of transfer.

51. If a Shareholder defaults in transferring Shares to be transferred pursuant to Article 46, they will be deemed to have irrevocably appointed any Director to be his agent to execute, complete and deliver a transfer of the relevant Compulsory Sale Securities in favour of the proposed purchaser against receipt by the Company of the consideration due for the relevant Compulsory

Sale Securities. The Company's receipt of the consideration will be a good discharge to the purchaser, who will not be bound to see its application. The Company will hold the consideration on trust for the relevant Shareholder(s) without any obligation to pay interest. Subject to stamping, the Directors will without delay register the transfers, after which the validity of such proceedings will not be questioned by any person. Each Shareholder will surrender his share certificate(s) (or, where appropriate provide an indemnity in respect of (it) (them) in a form satisfactory to the Directors) although it will be no impediment to registration of Shares under this Article that no share certificate has been produced. On such surrender or provision, the defaulting Shareholder(s) will be entitled to the consideration for the Compulsory Sale Securities transferred on his or its behalf, without interest.

52. Unless the Board direct otherwise in writing any Compulsory Sale Securities (but not any Shares that a Leaver has asked to be treated as Compulsory Sale Securities where this would not otherwise be the case) held by or by a nominee beneficially on behalf of a Leaver on the Effective Termination Date (and any Shares issued to such persons after such date by virtue of the exercise of any right or option granted or arising by virtue of his holding of such Shares) will cease to confer the right to be entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote at any general meeting of the Company, or any meeting of the holders of any class of Shares with effect from the Effective Termination Date (or, where appropriate, the date of issue of such Shares, if later), and such Shares will not be counted in determining the total number of votes which may be cast at any such meeting, or for the purposes of a written resolution of any Shareholders or class of Shares and provided that the rights referred to in this Article 52 will be restored immediately upon the Company registering a transfer of the Compulsory Sale Securities in accordance with these Articles.
53. In the event a Subsequent Trigger Event occurs in relation to a Leaver who has prior to the Subsequent Trigger Event, transferred the Compulsory Sale Securities held by him for cash pursuant Article 46 at a price calculated on the basis of that Leaver being categorised as a Good Leaver or an Intermediate Leaver, then (unless the Board has agreed with the Leaver in writing to waive this provision) the Leaver shall repay forthwith on demand by the Board, to the transferee of their Compulsory Sale Securities, as a re-adjustment to the purchase price previously received by the Leaver the difference between the amount received for such Compulsory Sale Securities and the amount they would have been due had the cost of their Compulsory Sale Securities been calculated on the basis of such Leaver being categorised as a Bad Leaver.

TAG ALONG RIGHTS

54. Following completion of the first refusal procedure set out in Articles 35 to 42 – *Right of First Refusal*, the provisions of Articles 55 to 59 shall apply if, in one or a series of related transactions, one or more Shareholders (the “**Sellers**”) propose to transfer any of their Shares (a “**Proposed Transfer**”) which would, if carried out, result in any person (the “**Purchaser**”), and any related person of the Purchaser, acquiring more than 50% of the Shares.
55. Before making a Proposed Transfer, a Seller shall procure that the Purchaser makes an offer (a “**Tag Offer**”) to:
- (a) the other Shareholders to purchase all of the Shares held by them;
 - (b) the holders of any existing options to acquire Shares (granted by the Company or under any share option arrangements established by the Company) that are already capable of exercise or that are expected to become capable of exercise before the Proposed Transfer, to purchase any Shares acquired on the exercise of options at any time before the Proposed Transfer; and
 - (c) the holders of any securities of the Company that are convertible into Shares (“**Convertible Securities**”), to purchase any Shares arising from the conversion of such Convertible Securities at any time before the Proposed Transfer,

for consideration in cash per Share that is at least equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Purchaser, or any related person of the Purchaser, in the Proposed Transfer or in any related previous transaction in the six months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer (a "**Specified Price**").

56. The Tag Offer shall be made by written notice (a "**Tag Along Notice**"), at least 20 Business Days before the proposed sale date (the "**Sale Date**"). To the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the Tag Along Notice shall set out:
- (a) the identity of the Purchaser;
 - (b) the Specified Price and other terms and conditions of payment;
 - (c) the Sale Date; and
 - (d) the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Purchaser (the "**Offer Shares**").
57. If the Purchaser fails to make the Tag Offer to all of the persons listed in Article 55, the Seller shall not be entitled to complete the Proposed Transfer and the Company shall not register any transfer of Shares effected in accordance with the Proposed Transfer.
58. If the Tag Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (a "**Tag Accepting Shareholder**") in writing within 15 Business Days of receipt of the Tag Along Notice, the completion of the Proposed Transfer shall be conditional on completion of the purchase of all the Offer Shares held by Tag Accepting Shareholder(s).
59. The Proposed Transfer is subject to in Articles 35 to 42 – *Right of First Refusal*, but the purchase of Offer Shares from Tag Accepting Shareholder(s) shall not be subject to those provisions.

DRAG-ALONG RIGHTS

60. If a bona fide third party purchaser offers, on arms' length terms, to purchase 100% of the issued Shares (a "**Drag Offer**"), the party receiving such Drag Offer must communicate the Drag Offer and its terms to all Shareholders within 10 Business Days.
61. Subject to prior Board approval, if Shareholders holding more than 60% of the issued Shares on a fully diluted basis wish to accept the Drag Offer by the third party purchaser (the "**Drag Accepting Shareholders**"), then the Drag Accepting Shareholders are entitled to serve a notice (a "**Drag Along Notice**") on the remaining Shareholders (the "**Dissenting Shareholders**") requiring each of them to sell all of their Shares in the Company to the third party purchaser stipulated in the Drag Along Notice.
62. The Drag Along Notice must specify:
- (a) the details of the third party purchaser;
 - (b) the price payable for each Share; and
 - (c) any other material terms upon which the Dissenting Shareholder's Shares will be purchased pursuant to the Drag Along Notice.
63. The terms on which the Drag Accepting Shareholders require the Dissenting Shareholders to sell their Shares must be on substantially the same terms on which the Drag Accepting Shareholders are selling their Shares however recognising the difference in value of each share class. If the value of the different classes or series of Shares cannot be agreed by the Shareholders within 30 days, the parties must appoint an independent valuer to determine this difference in value.

64. Subject to Article 65, on receipt of a Drag Along Notice, the Dissenting Shareholders must do all things necessary to transfer all of their Shares to the third party purchaser and to allow the third party purchaser to be registered as a Shareholder in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Drag Along Notice.
65. If any Dissenting Shareholder does not, within 10 Business Days of being required to do so under Article 64 execute and deliver transfers in respect of all of their Shares and deliver the certificate(s) in respect of the same (or a suitable indemnity in lieu thereof), then any Director is entitled to execute and will be entitled to authorise and instruct such person(s) as it sees fit to execute the necessary transfers, and, where the relevant Share certificate has been lost, a suitable indemnity in lieu of that lost certificate, on that Dissenting Shareholder's behalf and on receipt by the Company (on trust for that Dissenting Shareholder) of the consideration payable for the relevant Shares, deliver such transfer(s) and certificate(s) (or indemnity) to the relevant third party purchaser (or his nominee) and register such third party purchaser (or his nominee) as the holder thereof and, after such registration, the validity of such proceedings will not be challenged by any party to this agreement.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

66. The legal personal representative of a deceased sole holder of a Share shall be the only Person recognised by the Company as having any title to the Share. In the case of a Share registered in the name of two or more holders, the survivors or survivor, or the legal personal representatives of the deceased survivor, shall be the only Person recognised by the Company as having any title to the Share.
67. Any Person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors, have the right either to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the Share or, instead of being registered himself, to make such transfer of the Share as the deceased or bankrupt Person could have made; but the Directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the Share by the deceased or bankrupt Person before the death or bankruptcy.
68. A Person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered Shareholder, except that he shall not, before being registered as a Shareholder in respect of the Share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

ALTERATION OF NUMBER OF AUTHORISED SHARES

69. Subject to Clause 12 of the Memorandum, the Company may amend the Memorandum to increase or reduce the number of Shares the Company is authorised to issue.
70. Subject to Clause 12 of the Memorandum, the Company may:
- (a) divide the Shares, including issued Shares, of a Class or Series into a larger number of Shares of the same Class or Series; or
 - (b) combine the Shares, including issued Shares, of a Class or Series into a smaller number of Shares of the same Class or Series;

provided, however, that where Shares with a par value are divided or combined under (a) or (b) of this Article, the aggregate par value of the new Shares must be equal to the aggregate par value of the original Shares.

REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE OF SHARES

71. Subject to any limitations or procedures imposed by the Act, the Memorandum and these Articles, including the Solvency Test where applicable, and to Clause 12 of the Memorandum

and Article 72, the Company may purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire its own Shares from one or more or all of the Shareholders:

- (a) in accordance with Sections 60, 61 and 62 of the Act; or
 - (b) in accordance with a right of a Shareholder to have his Shares redeemed or to have his Shares exchanged for money or other property of the Company; or
 - (c) in exchange for newly issued Shares of equal value; or
 - (d) pursuant to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act.
72. The Company may not purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire its own Shares without the consent of the Shareholders whose Shares are to be purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired unless the Company is:
- (a) permitted by the Memorandum or these Articles; or
 - (b) entitled pursuant to the provisions of the Act, including under section 176 of the Act,
- to purchase redeem or otherwise acquire its own shares without the consent of such Shareholder.

TREASURY SHARES

73. Shares that the Company purchases, redeems or otherwise acquires pursuant to these Articles shall be cancelled immediately or held as Treasury Shares in accordance with the Act and Article 74.
74. Shares may only be purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired and held as Treasury Shares where, when aggregated with the number of Shares of the same Class already held by the Company as Treasury Shares, the total number of Treasury Shares does not exceed 50 percent of the Shares of that Class previously issued by the Company, excluding those Shares that have been cancelled.
75. Where and for so long as Shares are held by the Company as Treasury Shares, all rights and obligations attaching to such Shares are suspended and shall not be exercised by or against the Company.
76. Treasury Shares may be disposed of by the Company on such terms and conditions (not otherwise inconsistent with these Articles) as the Company may by Resolution of Directors determine.

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

77. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene a meeting of Shareholders.
78. Shareholders' meetings shall also be convened on the requisition in writing of any Shareholder or Shareholders entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Shareholders of the Company on the matter for which the meeting is being requested holding at least thirty percent of outstanding Shares entitled to vote in the Company deposited at the Registered Office specifying the objects of the meeting for a date no later than twenty one days from the date of deposit of the requisition signed by the requisitionists, and if the Directors do not convene such meeting for a date not later than forty five days after the date of such deposit, the requisitionists themselves may convene the Shareholders' meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which Shareholders' meetings may be convened by the Directors, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the Directors to convene the Shareholders' meeting shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

79. If at any time there are no Directors, any two Shareholders (or if there is only one Shareholder then that Shareholder) entitled to vote at meetings of the Shareholders of the Company may convene a Shareholders' meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which Shareholders' meetings may be convened by the Directors.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

80. At least seven days' notice in writing counting from the date service is deemed to take place as provided in these Articles specifying the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided to such Persons as are, under these Articles, entitled to receive such notices from the Company.
81. A meeting of Shareholders held in contravention of the notice requirements set out above is valid if Shareholders holding not less than a ninety percent majority of the:
- (a) total number of Shares entitled to vote on all matters to be considered at the meeting; or
 - (b) votes of each Class of Shares where Shareholders are entitled to vote thereon as a Class together with not less than an absolute majority of the remaining votes,

have waived notice of the meeting and for this purpose presence at the meeting shall be deemed to constitute a waiver.

82. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-receipt of a notice of a meeting by any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

83. No business shall be transacted at any Shareholders' meeting unless a quorum of Shareholders is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, one or more Shareholders holding at least a majority of the Shares of the Company entitled to vote at the meeting, present in person or by proxy, shall form a quorum.
84. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the Shareholder or Shareholders present and entitled to vote shall form a quorum.
85. If the Directors wish to make this facility available for a specific Shareholders' meeting or all Shareholders' meetings of the Company, participation in any Shareholders' meeting may be by means of a telephone or by other electronic means provided that all Persons participating in such meeting are able to hear each other and such participation shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at the meeting.
86. The Chairman of the Directors shall preside as Chairman at every Shareholders' meeting.
87. If there is no such Chairman, or if at any Shareholders' meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, any Director or Person nominated by the Directors shall preside as Chairman, failing which the Shareholders present in person or by proxy shall choose any Person present to be Chairman of that meeting.
88. The Chairman may with the consent of any Shareholders' meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn a meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting, or

adjourned meeting, is adjourned for fourteen days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

89. The Directors may cancel or postpone any duly convened Shareholders' meeting at any time prior to such meeting, except for Shareholders' meetings requisitioned by the Shareholders in accordance with these Articles, for any reason or for no reason, upon notice in writing to Shareholders. A postponement may be for a stated period of any length or indefinitely as the Directors may determine.
90. At any Shareholders' meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by the Chairman or one or more Shareholders present in person or by proxy entitled to vote, and unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or against, that resolution.
91. If a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
92. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
93. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the meeting directs.

VOTES OF SHAREHOLDERS

94. Subject to any rights and restrictions for the time being attached to any Share (including pursuant to Article 52), on a show of hands every Shareholder present in person and every Person representing a Shareholder by proxy shall, at a Shareholders' meeting, each have one vote and on a poll every Shareholder and every Person representing a Shareholder by proxy shall have one vote for each Share of which he or the Person represented by proxy is the holder.
95. The following shall apply in respect of joint ownership of Shares:
 - (a) if two or more Persons hold Shares jointly each of them may be present in person or by proxy at a meeting of Shareholders and may speak as a Shareholder;
 - (b) if only one of the joint owners is present in person or by proxy he may vote on behalf of all joint owners; and
 - (c) if two or more of the joint owners are present in person or by proxy they must vote as one.
96. A Shareholder of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote in respect of Shares carrying the right to vote held by him, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by the Person or Persons appointed by that court, and any such Person or Persons may vote by proxy.
97. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any Shareholders' meeting unless all calls, if any, or other sums presently payable by him in respect of Shares carrying the right to vote held by him have been paid.

98. A Shareholder may be represented at a meeting of Shareholders by a proxy who may speak and vote on behalf of the Shareholder.
99. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a Shareholder.
100. An instrument appointing a proxy may be in any usual or common form or such other form as the Directors may approve.
101. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting no later than the time for holding the meeting or, if the meeting is adjourned, the time for holding such adjourned meeting.
102. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
103. An action that may be taken by the Shareholders at a meeting may also be taken by a resolution of Shareholders consented to in writing or by telex, telegram, cable, facsimile or other written electronic communication, without the need for any notice, but if any such resolution is adopted otherwise than by the unanimous written consent of all Shareholders, a copy of such resolution shall forthwith be sent to all Shareholders not consenting to such resolution. The consent may be in the form of counterparts in like form each counterpart being signed by one or more Shareholders.
104. If the Company shall have only one Shareholder the provisions herein contained for meetings of the Shareholders shall not apply and in lieu of minutes of a meeting shall record in writing and sign a note or memorandum of all matters requiring a Resolution of Shareholders. Such a note or memorandum shall constitute sufficient evidence of such resolution for all purposes.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

105. Any Shareholder or Director that is a corporation or other entity may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such natural person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any meeting of holders of a Class or Series or of the Directors or of a committee of Directors, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual Shareholder or Director.

DIRECTORS

106. Except during the period from the date of incorporation until the date on which the first Directors are appointed by the first Registered Agent of the Company pursuant to Article 109, the minimum number of Directors shall be one.
107. Subject to the Article above, the Company may by a Resolution of Shareholders from time to time fix the maximum and minimum number of Directors to be appointed but unless such numbers are fixed as aforesaid the minimum number of Directors shall be one and the maximum number of Directors shall be five, comprised as follows:
- (a) the Chairman;
 - (b) the Chief Financial Officer;
 - (c) two Directors nominated for appointment by Altostratus; and
 - (d) one Director nominated for appointment by the Investors.

108. Subject to these Articles, the Company may appoint any natural person or corporation to be a Director. The following are disqualified from appointment as a Director:
- (a) an individual who is under eighteen years of age;
 - (b) a person who is a disqualified person within the meaning of section 260(4) of the Insolvency Act (or any successor provision);
 - (c) a person who is a restricted person within the meaning of section 409 of the Insolvency Act (or any successor provision);
 - (d) an undischarged bankrupt; and
 - (e) any other person disqualified by the Memorandum and these Articles.
109. Subject to Article 107, the first Director(s) shall be appointed by the first Registered Agent of the Company within six months of the date of its incorporation, and thereafter, the Directors shall be elected:
- (a) by the Shareholders for such terms as the Shareholders may determine; or
 - (b) by the Directors for such terms as the Directors may determine.
- A person shall not be appointed as a Director unless he has consented in writing to be a Director.
110. Each Director shall hold office for the term, if any, fixed by the Resolution of Shareholders or the Resolution of Directors, as the case may be, appointing him. In the case of a Director who is an individual the term of office of a Director shall terminate on the Director's death, resignation or removal. The bankruptcy of a Director or the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or receiver of a corporate Director shall terminate the term of office of such Director.
111. A Director may be removed from office, with or without cause, by a Resolution of Shareholders or, with cause, by a Resolution of Directors. A resolution passed under this Article may only be passed at a meeting called for the purpose of removing the Director or for purposes including the removal of the Director, or by written resolution passed by at least seventy five percent of the Shareholders, or Directors, as the case may be, entitled to vote.
112. A Director may resign his office by giving written notice of his resignation to the Company and the resignation shall have effect from the date the notice is received by the Company or from such later date as may be specified in the notice.
113. A vacancy in the board of Directors arising as a result of the death of a Director or if a Director otherwise ceases to hold office prior to the expiration of his stipulated term of office, may be filled by a Resolution of Shareholders or by a resolution of a majority of the remaining Directors.
114. The remuneration of the Directors may be determined by a Resolution of Directors or by a Resolution of Shareholders.
115. There shall be no shareholding qualification for Directors unless determined otherwise by a Resolution of Shareholders.
116. The Company shall keep a Register of Directors containing:
- (a) the names and addresses of the persons who are Directors or who have been nominated as reserve directors of the Company;
 - (b) the date on which each person whose name is entered in the Register of Directors was appointed as a Director, or nominated as a reserve director, of the Company;

- (c) the date on which each person named as a Director ceased to be a Director; and
 - (d) the date on which the nomination of any person nominated as a reserve director ceased to have effect.
117. A copy of the Register of Directors shall be kept at the office of the Registered Agent and the Company may determine by Resolution of Directors to register a copy of such Register of Directors with the Registrar of Corporate Affairs.

ALTERNATE DIRECTOR

118. Any Director may in writing appoint another person, who need not be a Director, to be his alternate. Every such alternate shall be entitled to attend meetings in the absence of the Director who appointed him and to vote in the place of the Director. Where the alternate is a Director he shall be entitled to have a separate vote on behalf of the Director he is representing in addition to his own vote. A Director may at any time in writing revoke the appointment of an alternate appointed by him. Such alternate shall not be an Officer. The remuneration of such alternate shall be payable out of the remuneration of the Director appointing him and the proportion thereof shall be agreed between them.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

119. The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by, or be under the direction or supervision of, the Directors who may pay all expenses incurred preliminary to and in connection with the formation and registration of the Company and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Act or the Memorandum or these Articles required to be exercised by the Shareholders, subject to any delegation of such powers as may be authorised by these Articles.
120. Board meetings shall be convened and held at least three times per year and each such meeting shall be convened by a notice sent to all Directors (or their alternates) entitled to receive notice of such meetings not later than ten Business Days or such shorter period as all the Directors consent to in writing prior to the meeting and every such notice shall be accompanied by a written agenda specifying the matters to be raised at the meeting together with copies of all papers to be laid before the meeting. Upon receiving notification of a meeting of the Board, any Director shall be entitled to require the inclusion on the agenda of any matter which he would like raised at the meeting provided that he notifies all the other Directors and their alternates of such inclusion not later than five Business Days prior to the meeting. Unless otherwise agreed by all Directors in writing in a particular case, no resolution relating to any business may be proposed or passed at any Board meeting unless the nature of the business is specified in the agenda for such meeting.
121. Notwithstanding section 175 of the Act and subject to Clause 12 of the Memorandum, the Directors have the power to sell, transfer, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the assets of the Company, without restriction and without complying with the provisions of section 175, which shall not apply to the Company.
122. Subject to Article 123, the Directors may, by a Resolution of Directors, appoint any Person, including a person who is a Director, to be an Officer or agent of the Company. The Resolution of Directors appointing an agent may authorise the agent to appoint one or more substitutes or delegates to exercise some or all of the powers conferred on the agent by the Company.
123. Altostratus shall have the right to nominate for appointment:
- (a) the chief executive officer of the Company, which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall be one of the Directors nominated by Altostratus in accordance with Article 107; and
 - (b) the Chairman.

124. Every Officer or agent of the Company has such powers and authority of the Directors, including the power and authority to affix the Seal, as are set forth in these Articles or in the Resolution of Directors appointing the Officer or agent, except that no Officer or agent has any power or authority with respect to the matters requiring a Resolution of Directors under the Act or these Articles or are otherwise not permitted to be delegated under the Act.
125. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by Resolution of Directors.
126. The Directors may, by a Resolution of Directors, designate one or more committees of Directors, each consisting of one or more Directors, in accordance with section 110 of the Act (each a "**Committee of Directors**").
127. Each Committee of Directors has such powers of the Directors, including the power to affix the Seal and to appoint a sub-committee and delegate its powers to that sub-committee, as are set forth in the Resolution of Directors establishing the Committee of Directors, except that no Committee of Directors may be delegated any power:
- (a) to amend the Memorandum or these Articles;
 - (b) to designate committees of Directors;
 - (c) to delegate powers to a committee of Directors;
 - (d) to appoint or remove Directors;
 - (e) to appoint or remove agents;
 - (f) to approve a plan of merger, consolidation or arrangement;
 - (g) to make a declaration of solvency for the purposes of section 198(1)(a) of the Act or approve a liquidation plan; or
 - (h) to make a determination under section 57(1) of the Act that the company will, immediately after a proposed distribution, satisfy the Solvency Test.
128. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney (whether under Seal or under hand or otherwise) appoint any company, firm or Person or body of Persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys or authorised signatory (any such Person being an "**Attorney**" or "**Authorised Signatory**", respectively) of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney or other appointment may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of Persons dealing with any such Attorney or Authorised Signatory as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such Attorney or Authorised Signatory to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion vested in him.

BORROWING POWERS OF DIRECTORS

129. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof, to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whenever money is borrowed or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

130. Subject to the following Article, the Directors when exercising their powers or performing their duties, shall act honestly and in good faith and in what the Director believes to be in the best interests of the Company.
131. Notwithstanding the foregoing:
- (a) where the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary, the Directors may, when exercising their powers or performing their duties as Directors, act in a manner which they believe to be in the best interests of the Company's holding company, even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company;
 - (b) where the Company is a subsidiary, but not a wholly owned subsidiary, the Directors may, when exercising their powers or performing their duties, and with the prior agreement of the Shareholders other than the holding company, act in a manner which they believe to be in the best interests of the Company's holding company, even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company; and
 - (c) where the Shareholders are carrying out a joint venture, the Directors may, when exercising their powers or performing their duties in connection with the carrying out of the joint venture, act in a manner which they believe to be in the best interests of a Shareholder or Shareholders, even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

132. The Directors may meet together (either within or without the British Virgin Islands) for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may, and a Secretary or assistant Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.
133. A Director may participate in any meeting of the Directors, or of any committee appointed by the Directors of which such Director is a member, by means of telephone or other electronic means provided that all persons participating in such meeting can hear one other and such participation shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at the meeting.
134. A Director shall be given not less than three days' notice of meetings of Directors, but a meeting of Directors held without three days' notice having been given to all Directors shall be valid if all the Directors entitled to vote at the meeting who do not attend, waive notice of the meeting, and for this purpose, the presence of a Director at the meeting shall be deemed to constitute waiver on his part. The inadvertent failure to give notice of a meeting to a Director, or the fact that a Director has not received the notice, does not invalidate the meeting.
135. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed, if there be two or more Directors the quorum shall be two, and if there be one Director the quorum shall be one. A Director represented by an alternate Director at any meeting shall be deemed to be present for the purposes of determining whether or not a quorum is present.
136. If the Company shall have only one Director the provisions herein contained for meetings of the Directors shall not apply but such sole Director shall have full power to represent and act for the Company in all matters as are not by the Act or the Memorandum or these Articles required to be exercised by the Shareholders and in lieu of minutes of a meeting shall record in writing and sign a note or memorandum of all matters requiring a Resolution of Directors. Such a note or memorandum shall constitute sufficient evidence of such resolution for all purposes.

137. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may by a Resolution of Directors determine. Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director; provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as auditor to the Company.
138. The Directors shall cause the following corporate records to be kept:
- (a) minutes of all meetings of Directors, Shareholders, committees of Directors, committees of Officers and committees of Shareholders; and
 - (b) copies of all resolutions consented to by Directors, Shareholders, Classes of Shareholders, committees of Directors, committees of Officers and committees of Shareholders.
139. The books, corporate records and minutes shall be kept at the office of the Registered Agent, at the Company's principal place of business or at such other place as the Directors determine.
140. When the Chairman of a meeting of the Directors signs the minutes of such meeting the same shall be deemed to have been duly held notwithstanding that all the Directors have not actually come together or that there may have been a technical defect in the proceedings.
141. An action that may be taken by the Directors or a committee of Directors at a meeting may also be taken by a resolution of Directors or a committee of Directors consented to in writing or by telex, telegram, cable, facsimile or other written electronic communication by a simple majority of the Directors or a simple majority of the members of the committee, as the case may be, without the need for any notice. The consent may be in the form of counterparts, each counterpart being signed by one or more Directors.
142. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but if and for so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors, or of summoning a Shareholders' meeting, but for no other purpose.
143. Subject to Article 123, the Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.
144. Subject to any regulations imposed on it by the Directors, a committee appointed by the Directors may elect a chairman of its meetings. If no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the committee members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
145. A committee appointed by the Directors may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Subject to any regulations imposed on it by the Directors, questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the committee members present and in case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
146. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

OFFICERS

147. The Company may by Resolution of Directors appoint Officers at such times as shall be considered necessary or expedient. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.
148. The Officers shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed at the time of their appointment subject to any modification in such duties as may be prescribed thereafter by Resolution of Directors or Resolution of Shareholders, but in the absence of any specific allocation of duties it shall be the responsibility of the Chairman of the Board to preside at meetings of Directors and Shareholders, the vice chairman to act in the absence of the Chairman, the president to manage the day to day affairs of the Company, the vice presidents to act in order of seniority in the absence of the president but otherwise to perform such duties as may be delegated to them by the president, the secretaries to maintain the Register of Members, minute books and records (other than financial records) of the Company and to ensure compliance with all procedural requirements imposed on the Company by applicable law, and the treasurer to be responsible for the financial affairs of the Company.
149. The emoluments of all Officers shall be fixed by Resolution of Directors.
150. The Officers shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified, but any Officer elected or appointed by the Directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by Resolution of Directors. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Company may be filled by Resolution of Directors.

CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

151. A Director shall forthwith after becoming aware of the fact that he is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by the Company, disclose the interest to the board of Directors. Where a Director's interest in a transaction is not disclosed in accordance with this Article prior to the transaction being entered into, unless it is not required to be disclosed in accordance with Article 153 below, the transaction is voidable by the Company.
152. Notwithstanding the previous Article, a transaction entered into by the Company is not voidable by the Company if:
- (a) the material facts of the interest of the Director in the transaction are known by the Shareholders entitled to vote at a meeting of Shareholders and the transaction is approved or ratified by a Resolution of Shareholders; or
 - (b) the Company received fair value for the transaction, and such determination of fair value is made on the basis of the information known to the Company and the interested Director at the time that the transaction was entered into.
153. A Director is not required to comply with Article 151 above, if the transaction is between the Company and the Director and the transaction or proposed transaction is or is to be entered into in the ordinary course of the Company's business and on usual terms and conditions.
154. A Director who is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by the Company may:
- (a) vote on a matter relating to the transaction;
 - (b) attend a meeting of Directors at which the matter relating to the transaction arises and be included among the Directors present at the meeting for the purpose of a quorum; and
 - (c) sign a document on behalf of the company, or do any other thing in his capacity as a Director, that relates to the transaction.

REGISTER OF CHARGES

155. The Company shall maintain at the Registered Office or at the office of the Registered Agent a register of all charges created by the Company showing:
- (a) if the charge is a charge created by the Company, the date of its creation or, if the charge is an existing charge on property acquired by the Company, the date on which the property was acquired;
 - (b) a short description of the liability secured by the charge;
 - (c) a short description of the property charged;
 - (d) the name and address of the trustee for the security, or if there is no such trustee, the name and address of the chargee;
 - (e) unless the charge is a security to bearer, the name and address of the holder of the charge; and
 - (f) details of any prohibition or restriction, if any, contained in the instrument creating the charge on the power of the Company to create any future charge ranking in priority to or equally with the charge.

THE SEAL

156. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal. An imprint of the Seal shall be kept at the office of the Registered Agent.
157. The Seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a Resolution of Directors provided always that such authority may be given prior to or after the affixing of the Seal and if given after may be in general form confirming a number of affixings of the Seal. The Seal shall be affixed in the presence of a Director or a Secretary (or an assistant Secretary) or in the presence of any one or more persons as the Directors may appoint for the purpose and every person as aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the Seal is so affixed in their presence.
158. The Company may maintain a facsimile of the Seal in such countries or places as the Directors may appoint and such facsimile Seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a Resolution of Directors provided always that such authority may be given prior to or after the affixing of such facsimile Seal and if given after may be in general form confirming a number of affixings of such facsimile Seal. The facsimile Seal shall be affixed in the presence of such person or persons as the Directors shall for this purpose appoint and such person or persons as aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the facsimile Seal is so affixed in their presence and such affixing of the facsimile Seal and signing as aforesaid shall have the same meaning and effect as if the Seal had been affixed in the presence of and the instrument signed by a Director or a Secretary (or an assistant Secretary) or in the presence of any one or more persons as the Directors may appoint for the purpose.
159. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Secretary or any assistant Secretary shall have the authority to affix the Seal, or the facsimile Seal, to any instrument for the purposes of attesting authenticity of the matter contained therein but which does not create any obligation binding on the Company.

DISTRIBUTIONS

160. The Company may, from time to time, by a Resolution of Directors authorise a Distribution by the Company at such time, and of such amount, to any Shareholders, as it thinks fit if they are satisfied, on reasonable grounds, that immediately after the Distribution, the Company satisfies the following solvency test:

- (a) the value of the Company's assets will exceed its liabilities; and
 - (b) the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due.
161. The Directors may, before making any Distribution, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they may select.
162. Notice of any Distribution that may have been authorised shall be given to each Shareholder in the manner hereinafter mentioned and all Distributions unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by Resolution of Directors for the benefit of the Company.
163. No Distribution shall bear interest as against the Company and no Distribution shall be authorised or made on Treasury Shares.
164. The Directors may determine in their sole discretion to issue bonus Shares from time to time.
165. A division of the issued and outstanding Shares of a Class or Series of Shares into a larger number of Shares of the same Class or Series having a proportionately smaller par value does not constitute the issue of a bonus Share.
166. If several Persons are registered as joint holders of any Shares, any one of such Persons may give receipt for any Distribution made in respect of such Shares.

ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

167. The Company shall, and in respect of its Subsidiaries shall procure that:
- (a) the Company and any Subsidiaries shall maintain accurate and complete accounting and other financial records;
 - (b) the accounting reference periods of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries shall be consecutive periods of twelve months ending on 31 December in each year and they shall prepare their audited accounts accordingly;
 - (c) the Company shall prepare:
 - (i) consolidated audited annual (within 120 days of each year end) accounts and unaudited quarterly (within 45 days of quarter end and for the first three fiscal quarters in each fiscal year) accounts in respect of the Company and any Subsidiaries containing such information as each Shareholder shall reasonably require; and
 - (ii) not less than 60 days prior to the end of each fiscal year, a comprehensive draft annual budget forecasting the Group's revenues, expenses, and cash position on a month-to-month basis for the upcoming fiscal year for consideration by the Board (the "**Annual Budget**"), substantially in the form of a budget form to be agreed among the Shareholders. The Annual Budget shall be duly prepared for, presented to and approved by the Board no later than 45 days before the end of each fiscal year; and
 - (d) each Shareholder and their respective authorised representatives shall be allowed access at all reasonable times to examine the books and records of the Group and to discuss their affairs with the Directors, the directors of any Subsidiaries and senior management of the Group.
168. The books of account shall be kept at the office of the Registered Agent or at such other place or places as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.

169. The auditors of the Company shall not be deemed to be Officers.

NOTICES

170. Any notice or document may be served by the Company or by the Person entitled to give notice to any Shareholder either personally, or by posting it airmail or air courier service in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his address as appearing in the Register of Members, or by electronic mail to any electronic mail address such Shareholder may have specified in writing for the purpose of such service of notices, or by facsimile should the Directors deem it appropriate. In the case of joint holders of a Share, all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register of Members in respect of the joint holding, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
171. Any Shareholder present, either personally or by proxy, at any Shareholders' meeting shall for all purposes be deemed to have received due notice of such meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which such meeting was convened.

172. Any notice or other document, if served by:

- (a) post, shall be deemed to have been served five days after the time when the letter containing the same is posted;
- (b) facsimile, shall be deemed to have been served upon production by the transmitting facsimile machine of a report confirming transmission of the facsimile in full to the facsimile number of the recipient;
- (c) recognised courier service, shall be deemed to have been served 48 hours after the time when the letter containing the same is delivered to the courier service; or
- (d) electronic mail, shall be deemed to have been served immediately upon the time of the transmission by electronic mail.

In proving service by post or courier service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice or documents was properly addressed and duly posted or delivered to the courier service.

173. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any Shareholder in accordance with the terms of these Articles shall notwithstanding that such Shareholder be then dead or bankrupt, and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any Share registered in the name of such Shareholder as sole or joint holder, unless his name shall at the time of the service of the notice or document, have been removed from the Register of Members as the holder of the Share, and such service shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on all Persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the Share.
174. Notice of every Shareholders' meeting shall be given to:
- (a) all Shareholders holding Shares with the right to receive notice and who have supplied to the Company an address for the giving of notices to them; and
 - (b) every Person entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Shareholder, who but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting.

No other Person shall be entitled to receive notices of Shareholders' meetings.

INDEMNITY

175. Subject to the limitations hereinafter provided the Company may indemnify against all expenses, including legal fees, and against all judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement and reasonably incurred in connection with legal, administrative or investigative proceedings any Person (an "**Indemnifiable Person**") who:
- (a) is or was a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that the Person is or was a Director, an Officer, agent or a liquidator of the Company; or
 - (b) is or was, at the request of the Company, serving as a director, officer, agent or liquidator of, or in any other capacity is or was acting for, another body corporate or a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise.
176. The Company may only indemnify an Indemnifiable Person if such Person acted honestly and in good faith and in what the Indemnifiable Person believed to be in the best interests of the Company and, in the case of criminal proceedings, the Indemnifiable Person had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.
177. The decision of the Directors as to whether the Indemnifiable Person acted honestly and in good faith and in what the Indemnifiable Person believed to be in the best interests of the Company and, in the case of criminal proceedings, as to whether such Person had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful, is in the absence of fraud, sufficient for the purposes of these Articles, unless a question of law is involved.
178. The termination of any proceedings by any judgment, order, settlement, conviction or the entering of a *nolle prosequi* does not, by itself, create a presumption that the Indemnifiable Person did not act honestly and in good faith and with a view to the best interests of the Company or that such Person had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.
179. Expenses, including legal fees, incurred by an Indemnifiable Person in defending any legal, administrative or investigative proceedings may be paid by the Company in advance of the final disposition of such proceedings upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnifiable Person to repay the amount if it shall ultimately be determined that the Indemnifiable Person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company in accordance with these Articles.
180. Expenses, including legal fees, incurred by a former Director, Officer or agent in defending any legal, administrative or investigative proceedings may be paid by the Company in advance of the final disposition of such proceedings upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the former Director, Officer or agent, as the case may be, to repay the amount if it shall ultimately be determined that the former Director, Officer or agent is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company in accordance with these Articles and upon such other terms and conditions, if any, as the Company deems appropriate.
181. The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this section is not exclusive of any other rights to which the Person seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any agreement, resolution of members, resolution of disinterested Directors or otherwise, both as to acting in the Person's official capacity and as to acting in another capacity while serving as a Director, if applicable.
182. If a Person to be indemnified has been successful in defence of any proceedings described above the Person is entitled to be indemnified against all expenses, including legal fees, and against all judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement and reasonably incurred by the Person in connection with the proceedings.

INSURANCE

183. The Company may purchase and maintain insurance in relation to any person who is or was a Director, or who at the request of the Company is or was serving as a Director of, or in any other capacity is or was acting for another body corporate or a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against any liability asserted against the person and incurred by the person in that capacity, whether or not the Company has or would have had the power to indemnify the person against the liability in the preceding Article.

NON-RECOGNITION OF TRUSTS

184. Subject to the proviso hereto, no Person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any Share upon any trust and the Company shall not, unless required by law, be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any Share or (except only as otherwise provided by these Articles or as required by law) any other right in respect of any Share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in each Shareholder registered in the Register of Members, provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall be entitled to recognise any such interests as shall be determined by the Directors.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

185. Subject to Clause 12 of the Memorandum, the Company may voluntarily commence its liquidation and dissolution by appointing a voluntary liquidator in accordance with section 199 of the Act if:
- (a) it has no liabilities; or
 - (b) it is able to pay its debts as they fall due and the value of its assets equals or exceeds its liabilities.
186. A voluntary liquidator may be appointed by a Resolution of Shareholders or, if the Company has never issued Shares, by a Resolution of Directors.

AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

187. These Articles may be amended in the manner prescribed in the Memorandum.

CLOSING OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS OR FIXING RECORD DATE

188. For the purpose of determining those Shareholders that are entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at any meeting of Shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or those Shareholders that are entitled to receive payment of any Distribution, or in order to make a determination as to who is a Shareholder for any other purpose, the Directors may provide that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers for a stated period which shall not exceed in any case forty days. If the Register of Members shall be so closed for the purpose of determining those Shareholders that are entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at a meeting of Shareholders the Register of Members shall be so closed for at least ten days immediately preceding such meeting and the record date for such determination shall be the date of the closure of the Register of Members.
189. In lieu of or apart from closing the Register of Members, the Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for any such determination of those Shareholders that are entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at a meeting of the Shareholders and for the purpose of determining those Shareholders that are entitled to receive payment of any Distribution the Directors may, at or within ninety days prior to the date of declaration of such Distribution, fix a subsequent date as the record date for such determination.
190. If the Register of Members is not so closed and no record date is fixed for the determination of those Shareholders entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at a meeting of Shareholders or

those Shareholders that are entitled to receive payment of a Distribution, the date on which notice of the meeting is posted or the date on which the resolution of the Directors declaring such Distribution is adopted, as the case may be, shall be the record date for such determination of Shareholders. When a determination of those Shareholders that are entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at a meeting of Shareholders has been made as provided in this Article, such determination shall apply to any adjournment thereof.

REGISTRATION BY WAY OF CONTINUATION

191. The Company may by Resolution of Directors or by Resolution of Shareholders resolve to be registered by way of continuation in a jurisdiction outside the British Virgin Islands in the manner provided under those laws. In furtherance of a resolution adopted pursuant to this Article, the Directors may cause an application to be made to the Registrar of Corporate Affairs to deregister the Company in the British Virgin Islands and may cause all such further steps as they consider appropriate to be taken to effect the transfer by way of continuation of the Company.

DISCLOSURE

192. The Directors, or any service providers (including the Officers, the Secretary and the Registered Agent of the Company) specifically authorised by the Directors, shall be entitled to disclose to any regulatory or judicial authority any information regarding the affairs of the Company including without limitation information contained in the Register of Members and books of the Company.



We, OFFSHORE INCORPORATIONS LIMITED of P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands for the purpose of incorporating a BVI Business Company under the laws of the British Virgin Islands hereby sign these Articles of Association the 30th day of April, 2013.

Incorporator



Rexella D. Hodge
Authorised Signatory
OFFSHORE INCORPORATIONS LIMITED

