

Play UK Internet N.V.

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Willemstad, Curaçao

KYC MANUAL
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DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Account Holder:	an individual who applied and was granted an account held at the internet gateway operated by the Company for the use of the provided Services.
AML:	Anti Money Laundering. All efforts focused on the prevention of transforming proceeds obtained from criminal activities into funds which appear to be obtained from legal activities.
CFT	Combating the Finance of Terrorism. All efforts focused on the prevention of providing funds at the disposal of terrorists to be used for committing terrorist attacks
FATF:	Financial Action Task Force (www.fatf-gafi.org)
FIU:	the Financial Intelligence Unit of Curaçao.
KYC:	Know Your Client, the mandatory process of identifying and verifying the client's identity when opening a Player Account and periodically over time.
MLRO:	Money Laundering Reporting Officer
Non-reputable Jurisdiction:	Country mentioned on the list of the FATF as jurisdictions for which a call of action has been issued or are mentioned on the list of monitored jurisdictions.
Player:	Individual who has registered with the Company for the purpose of making use of the Services offered on the Website and for which an account has been opened providing him/her with a unique code.
Player Account:	an account granted to an individual after registration. The account is created and issued by the Company and is required for wagering with real money. Only one Player Account is permitted per person, per family and per Shared Environment.
PEP	Politically exposed person.
Shared Environment	an environment that has a common internet connection which includes but is not limited to airplanes, households, universities, libraries, cyber cafes, coffee shops and work forces.
Service:	the gaming and betting offers provided by the internet gateway operated by the Company to the Account Holder, through the Website.
Website:	the websites mentioned under Annex A, which are operated by the Company.

1. KYC Policy

1.1.1 Policy

The KYC policy is based on the regulatory requirements under the Landverordening op Kansspelen ("LOK") and is part of the AML/CFT Policy. The KYC policy can be referred to the articles 3.1 to 5 in the AML/CFT policy.

1.1.2 Objective

The Company is a limited liability company, duly incorporated and registered in accordance with the laws of Curaçao. This policy is written based on the national legislation on AML, CFT, CPWMD and the penalization of predicate crimes of Curaçao and applicable international standards set by the FATF. Combined, these regulations provide a solid, internationally accepted standard for the procedures maintained for the prevention of the misuse of the Services provided by the Company.

This Policy outlines the KYC strategy of the Company in order to:

- a. ensure that statutory and regulatory obligations to prevent ML and FT are met, taking positive action to minimize risk of the Company's products and services being used for the purpose of laundering funds and using proceeds of criminal activity, or terrorist financing.
- b. ensure that the Company does not engage with or continue established relationships with those whose conduct gives rise to suspicion of involvement with ML and/or TF;
- c. terminate any relationships where the Account Holder's conduct gives the Company reasonable cause to believe or suspect involvement with illegal activities. Any such termination shall follow the reporting of the suspicion and thereafter shall be undertaken in conjunction with the relevant authorities and in accordance with the relevant regulations; and
- d. In case the obligations arising from the customer due diligence cannot be met, the company cannot establish the business relation or perform the transaction and is obliged to terminate the business relationship with the customer. The company will also keep a record of all the attempts made to get the necessary information and documentation. To this end, a company may decide to either close the account or to keep it blocked and suspended in its entirety.
- e. comply with the Company's AML and CFT and CPF obligations based on national and international regulations.

Proper Identification of Account Holders, verification of the identity, monitoring of Player activities and reporting of unusual activities are part of the measures the Company has in place in an effort to prevent, deter or mitigate industry related risks.

1.1.3 Scope

The Company is committed to the highest national and international AML and CFT standards when providing its Services and is applicable to Employees, directors, officers, agency workers, seconded workers, volunteers, interns, agents, contractors, external contractors, third-party representatives and business partners, sponsors, or any other person associated with the Company that falls within the scope of the Company's AML Policies.

This Policy defines procedures that will assist all persons working for the Company to comply with its legal obligations. Failure of an Employee to comply with the procedures defined within this Policy may lead to disciplinary action.

2. Regulatory Framework

2.1.1 National regulations

Pursuant to the Code of Criminal Law (Penal Code) (N.G. 2011, no. 48), money laundering is a criminal offence in Curaçao. Further main national regulations relating to money laundering and terrorist financing are summarized in the AML/CFT policy.

These laws and decrees serve as the basis for the procedures maintained by the financial sector of Curaçao to detect and deter industry related risks for money laundering, the financing of terrorism or other criminal activities.

2.2 International regulations

As a member of the Financial Action Task Force (www.fatf-gafi.org) and of the Caribbean Financial Action Task Force (www.cfatf-gafic.org), Curaçao is meeting International standards by regularly implementing these standards in its national legislation.

The FATF collaborates with other international bodies involved in combating money laundering and the financing of terrorism. In total 34 countries are direct members of the FATF and through regional organizations over 180 countries are connected to the FATF.

Subsequently the present policy is a combination of the FATF and local AML/CFT rules and regulations. This ensures a solid, internationally accepted basis regarding AML/CFT. In case local laws and regulations require additional compliance duties, the Company is free to develop additional procedures to comply with local regulations.

3. Procedures

In an effort to be compliant with the applicable rules, regulations and international standards, the Company has procedures in place to which it attains itself to when providing Services to Account Holders. These procedures cover the following standards:

- Risk Management
- Risk Classification
- Customer Due Diligence
- Know Your Client
- Due Diligence
- The Money Laundering Reporting officer
- Monitoring of Account Holder activities
- Reporting of unusual transactions
- Recordkeeping

3.1.1 Risk Management

3.1.2 Risk assessment

The possibility of online gaming being used by criminals to assist in ML, PWMD and/or TF poses many risks for the Company, such as criminal and regulatory sanctions and/or reputational damage for the Company and/or its Employees. For this purpose, the Company must carefully identify its risks and manage them accordingly.

The Company takes the following steps to manage its risks appropriately:

- i. identifying the ML, PWMD and TF risks relevant to the Company;
- ii. assessing the level of risk;
- iii. understanding the impact of the risk;
- iv. designing and implementing appropriate policies, procedures and controls to manage and mitigate these risks;
- v. monitoring and improving the effective operation of these controls and identifying any weaknesses; and
- vi. recording what has been done and why.

In view of the above, the Company must conduct a risk assessment to analyze the risks faced by the Company and ensure that the identified risks are properly mitigated and resources adequately invested.

The risk assessment must identify and analyze the risks related to the following four key risk sources stemming from inherent vulnerabilities in the online gaming sector:

- i. Account Holders
- ii. Product / service / transactions
- iii. Interface
- iv. Geography

The Company must review its risk management processes on an on-going basis to ensure that it remains abreast of new risks. As a minimum, the risk assessment must be reviewed annually, or more frequently in the case of any important changes to products or technology, payment methods, customer type and other material changes.

The risk assessment will also analyze the policies, procedures and systems of the Company in order to ensure that the identified risks are properly mitigated through the adoption of robust policies and procedures. The results of the risk assessment will serve as the foundation to determine the Company's risk appetite. The following risk areas should be considered by the Company for the purpose of the risk assessment:

Account Holder Risk

The risk of ML/FT may vary in accordance with the type of Account Holder. The assessment of the risk posed by a natural person is generally based on the person's economic activity and/or source of wealth. An Account Holder having a single source of regular income will pose a lesser risk of ML/FT than an Account Holder who has multiple sources of income or irregular income streams.

Product/Service/Transaction Risk

Some products/services/transactions are inherently riskier than others and are therefore more attractive to criminals. These include products/services/transactions which are identified as being more vulnerable to criminal exploitation such as gaming products or services that allow the Account Holder to influence the outcome of a game, be it on his own or in collusion with others. The use of specific funding methods should also be treated as high risk factors. This includes cash and other similar or anonymous payment methods that may not leave or disrupt the audit trail and allow the Account Holder to operate with a degree of or complete anonymity such as pre-paid cards or virtual currencies. The exceptional use by an Account Holder of Player Accounts held or cards issued in the name of third parties is also to be regarded as a

high-risk factor. Conversely, where an Account Holder transfers funds from a bank account or a card linked to a bank account held in his name with an institution established in a reputable jurisdiction, the risk of ML decreases.

Interface risk

Channels through which a business relationship is established and/or through which transactions are carried out may also have a bearing on the risk profile of a business relationship or a transaction. Channels that favor anonymity increase the risk of ML/FT if no measures are taken to address the same. While situations where interaction with the Account Holder takes place on a non-face to face basis will no longer lead to the relationship being considered as automatically high risk, interacting in this manner is still to be considered as a high risk factor for risk assessment purposes

	GAME TYPES				
	Low	Low-Medium	Medium	Medium-High	High
Fixed odds games without hedging (ex: slots, lotteries, bingo)	X				
Fixed odds games where hedging is possible (blackjack, baccarat, roulette)			X		
Sportsbetting			X		
P2P games (ex: poker, betting exchange)					X

	FUNDING METHODS				
	Low	Low-Medium	Medium	Medium-High	High
Bank transfers (EEA or equivalent safeguards)	X				
Debit/credit cards issued by banks (EEA or equivalent safeguards)	X				
Debit/credit cards issued by other licensed financial institutions		X			
EEA-licensed payment service providers			X		
Non-EEA licensed PSP				X	
EEA-licensed PSP that can be funded with cash or quasi-cash				X	
Prepaid cards/vouchers					X
Cash					X

Geographical Risk

The geographical risk is the risk posed to the licensee by the geographical location of the business/economic activity and the source of wealth/funds of the business relationship. The nationality, residence and place of birth of an Account Holder have to be taken into account as these might be indicative of a heightened geographical risk. Countries that have a weak AML/CFT system, countries known to suffer from a significant level of corruption, countries subject to international sanctions in connection with terrorism or the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction as well as countries which are known to have terrorist organizations operating within are to be considered as high risk. The opposite is also true and may therefore be considered as presenting a medium or low risk of ML/FT.

In order to identify and manage potential hazards, the high-risk territories are the next:

- i. Prohibited Jurisdictions: these jurisdictions are prohibited under the Curaçao license conditions and/ or pursuant to a resolution of the Company's managing director;
- ii. jurisdictions which are identified by FATF as high-risk jurisdictions subject to a call for action;
- iii. jurisdictions under increased monitoring by FATF;
- iv. countries which are identified by the European Union as high-risk countries;
- v. countries which are identified by the United States as state sponsors of terrorism.

3.1.3 Risk Classification

Upon registration, the Company makes a risk classification of each Account Holder.

The Company maintains the following risk classification:

- Low risk
- Medium risk
- High risk

The level of due diligence that should be performed on the Account Holder is determined based on the risk classification above.

Type of Account Holder	Monitoring frequency
Account Holders who are under active investigation or suspected in ML/TF or other fraudulent activity and their accounts are not limited for deposit or logins	Daily
PEPs, which are deemed to present a high risk	Daily
High-Risk Account Holders, High-Rollers, PEPs with lower relative risk and active Account Holders from high-risk jurisdictions	Weekly (or upon a material change)
Medium Risk Account Holders	Every six months (or upon a material change)
Low Risk Account Holders	Annually (or upon a material change)

3.1.4 Customer Due Diligence

3.1.5 Know Your Customer (KYC)

Following international standards and local applicable legislation, it is imperative for a company to know its clients. A sound KYC policy and procedure are critical in protecting the safety and soundness of a company and the financial system. In line herewith the Company has the following procedures in place.

KYC information request

An individual is not permitted to participate in a game for money unless they have registered and been provided with a Player Account. Only one Player Account is allowed per person, per family, and per shared environment. To register as a Player, an individual must do so personally and provide specific Know Your Customer (KYC) information. This includes the date of birth along with valid identification confirming that the person is at least eighteen (18) years of age or has reached the legal age of majority in their jurisdiction. This requirement ensures compliance with Curaçao's Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) laws, including NOIS N.G. 1996, no. 23, and Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Recommendation 10. The required identity verification information includes the player's full legal name (first and last), a valid email address, gender, nationality (necessary for sanctions screening and risk assessment), and a government-issued ID (such as a passport or driver's license) to prove age. Non-residents must also provide an ID card number or passport number.

Full contact details are also required, including the player's current residential address (P.O. boxes are not accepted) and a valid telephone number. Players must submit payment details and financial information such as the preferred payment method (e.g., bank account or e-wallet) linked to the player's name. For account security, players must create a unique username and a password. Additional data may also be required depending on the player's risk profile. This includes gender for identity cross-verification and the source of funds or wealth, which is mandatory for high-risk players under enhanced due diligence (EDD) protocols.

Politically Exposed Person (PEP) screening and sanctions screening are performed upon the player's first-time deposit (FTD) to identify potential risks and ensure compliance with regulatory requirements

The name on the account must match the true, legal name and identity of the individual. The username, password and other personal information related to the account must be kept secret and confidential and may not be used by any third party. In case of a suspected violation, an Account Holder must request new log-in credentials.

On registration, a geographical location check is carried out on the applicant's computer IP to ensure that person is in a permitted jurisdiction. If the applicant is not in a permitted jurisdiction, he/ she will not be allowed to have a Player Account.

The Company proceeds to review the information provided and may request additional documentation in order to verify the provided information. The Player Account may be put on hold until satisfactory information has been received or terminated if the Company finds the information contained in the Player Account to be false or misleading.

The Company reserves the right to refuse to open or close a Player Account at its own discretion following review of the provided KYC information.

Log in details

It is not permitted for a Player to share the login details to access the system with a 3rd party. The Company reserves the right to cancel, without refund, a Player Account if the login details were disclosed to a 3rd party.

3.1.6 Due Diligence

Standard Due Diligence

All applicants are required to submit proof of identity, proof of address at the time of deposit threshold or first withdrawal of funds or where applicable at any given time requested by the Company.

The Company requests the following information to verify the identity of the Player:

1. A driver's license or valid passport;
2. Identity card;
3. A recently issued copy of a utility bill not older than three months or bank statement.

Notwithstanding the checks that are performed during the onboarding of a Player, there is also a Standard Due conducted in other instances as stated below. Standard Due Diligence is conducted, amongst others, in the following cases:

- upon a request for withdrawal;
- when a threshold of a single or cumulative transactions of EUR 2,000 or equivalent is reached;
- anytime at the discretion of the Company.

The Company further reserves the right to conduct a phone verification of the Player Account to verify details provided by the Player at the time of registration or at any other time requested by the Company. The details include but are not limited to name, home address, email of the registered Player Account holder, phone number, photo ID, payment methods, bet types, amounts and event details. Failure to satisfactorily complete this verification due to the previously provided details being fake, false, incorrect, misleading, non-existing, not belonging to the Player or unable to be verified, may result in the Company closing the Player Account and the confiscation of any winnings. In case the Company discovers that a transaction in the course of the business relationship of an amount of € 2000, - or more takes place, then the Company must perform verification of the Account holder's identity prior to accepting more transactions of the Account holder taking place.

In addition, the Company screens all applicants against international sanctions lists in order to prevent that sanctioned individuals open a Player Account.

Enhanced Due Diligence

In certain specific instances the Company will conduct Enhanced Due Diligence by requesting the following KYC information:

1. A driver's license or valid passport;
2. A selfie of the Player holding the identification document;
3. A recently issued utility bill or bank statement
4. A bank statement showing the initial deposit;
5. A bank statement no older than 3 months from the bank to which a withdrawn amount should be deposited;
6. Information regarding the source of wealth.

Enhanced Due Diligence is applied as soon as a Player is classified as a High risk including but not limited to the following situations and as further discussed in the section 'Monitoring of Account Holder activities:

- upon suspicion of a Player attempting to or having created multiple Player Accounts in multiple different names;
- upon suspicion of Player(s) being part of a syndicate of Players colluding to gain an advantage over the Company;
- upon suspicion of the Player being a politically exposed person (PEP);
- at the detection of any irregular, suspicious, inappropriate or fraudulent activity;
- anytime, at the discretion of the Company.

If at the discretion of the Company, the provided information is considered unsatisfactory or is suspected to be fraudulent or obtained from a third party to perform illegal operations on the site, the Company will engage third party agencies to confirm the provided information on the identity and the payment details. This process entails but is not limited to the following actions:

- **verifying the disclosed details against certain (public or private) databases (e.g. sanction lists,)**
- **ordering a credit report**
- **bank statement showing the initial deposit;**

If the Company is not able to verify the identity of the Player based on the provided documentation and further efforts, the Company reserves the right to put the Player Account on hold pending the provision of verification information, or to terminate the account if it finds the information contained in the Player Account to be false or misleading. Furthermore, the company engages in EDD to natural and legal entities, including financial institution in countries where the FTAF identified as a high-risk country.

3.1.7 Politically Exposed Persons

Situations involving PEP require the application of EDD measures, independently of the outcome of the risk assessment. This entails having to determine whether a Client is a PEP or otherwise and, should this be the case, apply of the following pre-established EDD measures:

- i. Obtain senior management approval to service the PEP;
- ii. Establish what is their source of wealth and, where applicable, their source of funds;
and
- iii. Conduct enhanced on-going monitoring of the Account Holder's activity.

Screening for PEP status has to be carried out regularly but it is important that this is done within thirty days of the EUR 2,000 threshold being met. Should an Account Holder who had not been identified as a PEP at on-boarding stage result to have become one, the Employee is required to carry out or implement the measures described in paragraph (i) to (iii) above within the thirty (30) day window, failing which he would have to terminate the business relationship with the said Account Holder.

Information required to determine whether an Account Holder (or its beneficial owner) is a PEP can be obtained either from the Account Holder himself (e.g. by completing a standardized self-declaration as to his status and, to the extent which may be applicable, that of his beneficial owner) or by using reliable electronic databases to screen their Account Holder database. However, where the Employee relies on the Account Holder to disclose and declare whether he is a PEP or otherwise, he is required to (a) provide the Account Holder with guidance as to what is meant by a PEP, including by providing him with a definition of the said term; and (b) confirm on a risk sensitive basis the information so obtained.

3.1.8 Beneficial Ownership Identification & Verification

In compliance with Curaçao's AML/CFT regulations and international standards, [Company Name] requires full disclosure and verification of beneficial ownership for all customer accounts held by legal entities or complex structures.

Definition of Beneficial Owner:

A beneficial owner is any natural person who:

- Directly or indirectly owns/controls 25% or more of a legal entity
- Exercises ultimate effective control over the account or entity
- Benefits from 25% or more of the property (for trusts/foundations)

Required Information:

For each beneficial owner, we collect and verify:

- Full legal name and date of birth
- Nationality and residential address
- Government-issued ID (passport/national ID number with copy)
- Nature and percentage of ownership/control
- Source of funds/wealth (for high-risk cases)

Verification Process:

- Obtain and review official documents (certificate of incorporation, shareholder register, trust deeds)
- Screen against sanctions/PEP lists
- Conduct ongoing monitoring for changes

Enhanced Due Diligence:

Applied when:

- Ownership structure is complex or opaque
- Beneficial owners are from high-risk jurisdictions
- PEPs are identified

3.1.9 The Risk Department

The Company has a designated risk department which is in charge of the review of KYC information and the monitoring of Player Account activities. Specifically, they are in charge of the following:

- Ensure a proper review of the Player Accounts by the personnel in relation to identification and verification of an Account Owner,
- Keep a list of registered Account Holders;
- Monitor the reviews and investigations conducted by the designated personnel performed on the Player Account activities;
- Provide initial and ongoing training to all relevant staff ensuring awareness of their personal responsibilities and the procedures in respect of identifying Players, monitoring Player activity, record-keeping and reporting any unusual/suspicious transactions;
- Cooperate with all relevant administrative, enforcement and judicial authorities in their endeavor to prevent and detect criminal activity;
- Ensure that this policy is adhered to, reviewed and maintained regularly.

3.1.10 The Monitoring of Account Holder activities

Designated personnel will conduct the reviews and the monitoring of the Player Accounts and will further conduct investigations in case any irregular activities are detected.

Security technologies are in place generating automated alerts which are thereafter thoroughly investigated by the department.

The presence of any irregular, suspicious, inappropriate or fraudulent activity or any attempt thereto, will cause the pertaining Player to be classified as High risk for which EDD procedures are implemented.

Player accounts are reviewed and monitored for the presence of any of the following situations:

- the provision of fake, false, incorrect, misleading, non-existing, KYC information which do not belong to the Player or are unable to be verified;
- provision of fictitious names such that the true beneficial owner is not known;
- the detection of inappropriate play and/ or fraudulent activity;
- the detection of irregular Player activity including but not limited to the placing of zero risk or even bets;
- `complex or large transactions or groups of transactions which are likely, by their nature to be related to money laundering or the funding of terrorism;
- upon suspicion of a Player attempting to or having created multiple Player Accounts in multiple different names;
- upon suspicion of Player(s) being part of a syndicate of Players colluding to gain an advantage over the Company;
- at the detection of any irregular, suspicious, inappropriate or fraudulent activity by the Company's control systems;
- anytime, at the discretion of the Company;
- fraudulent or unlawful use of the system by Players, in an attempt to break into or otherwise circumvent the security measures set up by the system;
- The use of any software program endowed with Artificial Intelligence;
- Attempt to log in from a Non-Reputable Jurisdiction.

Specific attention is paid to the following instances:

- **Multiple accounts**

Only one Player Account is permitted per person. If more than one Player Account is created per person, house, building, mailing address, phone number, IP address, family, Device or Shared Environment then all related Player Accounts be investigated and may be closed. No winnings, refund nor deposits will be paid out. Family includes, but is not limited to, parents, partners, spouse, children, siblings and close relatives.

If the suspicion arises that multiple Player Accounts have been created in multiple different names or that a Player Account is a part of a syndicate of Players colluding to gain an advantage over the Company, the Company will proceed to suspend all suspicious Player Accounts pending an investigation. The investigation will consist of the review of playing history, IP location histories including VPN and proxy databases and action to delay ratios commonly displayed with computer sharing technology. If the Company concludes from the investigation that an Account Holder or a group of Account Holders have created multiple accounts and are playing as part of a syndicate of Players, the Company will proceed to withhold any cash or bonus winnings and reserves the right to withhold deposited funds.

Whenever an Account Holder requests for a withdrawal of funds from his/ her account, the system will check the presence of multiple accounts and further checks whether the Account Holder has used a false proxy. At the presence of multiple accounts, all the accounts will be closed, and the Player Account will be denied the opening of a new account.

- **Identity fraud**

At the detection of any use of falsified documentation (identity fraud), the Company will proceed to close the Player Account(s). Any winnings arising from such activities shall be confiscated and the deposited amount will be subject to further investigation.

- **Unusual activities**

If an Account Holder has unusual deposits and gets flagged by the system, the Company will perform an investigation in which the Account Holder may be requested to provide further information. The Company will suspend the account until further documentation is in place. If the Player Account has not provided satisfying information within 30 days, the account will be terminated. The MLRO will proceed with the reporting of the unusual transaction to the relevant authority.

- **Withdrawal, deposit or pay out of funds**

All financial transactions must match the name of the credit card or other payment accounts unless authorized by the card and/or account holder and approved by the company through which the Player Account is funded, or money is withdrawn. Any inconsistencies will be considered a breach of the Terms and Conditions. The transaction will be suspended and the Player Account subject to further investigation.

The Company has established the following procedures with regards to the withdrawal, deposit or pay out of funds:

Deposits

A Player Account is only permitted to use its personal information and personal bank account. The information provided on the deposit form must be identical to the pertaining data held by the Company. An Account Holder may deposit money in his Player Account only in order to play on the Website and use the Services and is not allowed to withdraw without prior wagering activity. Furthermore, the Company will not grant interest on deposits. The Company reserves the right to apply certain restrictions to the payment methods in selected countries and/or for certain Players.

Request for withdrawal

Withdrawal requests must be made from a Player Account. Withdrawal requests sent by any other means of communication will not be processed. Upon receipt of a request for withdrawal, the Company will request KYC documentation verifying the identity of the Player, in accordance with its internal withdrawal process.

The Company will not deposit withdrawn funds to another source from which it originated. If for any reason this is no longer possible, the Company will request additional verification documentation evidencing the details and ownership of the new withdrawal method. Transfers or pay outs will only be made to the Player. Transfers to third parties are not permitted.

- **Prior review of account activity**

Before processing any withdrawals, the Company will conduct additional review of the Player Account for any irregular activity such as money laundering or suspicious play such as:

- the placement of a deposit without having placed any bets, or only to receive free spins. A player must have always placed at least his deposit amount in bets before proceeding to withdraw the funds;
- the possible creation of multiple Player Accounts in multiple different names;
- possible collusion between Players, detected by the Company's fraud control system.

Upon the occurrence of any of the instances mentioned above, the Company may decide to withhold funds and proceed to further request EDD documentation or conduct further investigation and resolve to:

- suspend the Player Account until receipt of sufficient verification information, where still applicable;
- immediately block the access of a Player to the system or to his/ her account and seize all funds held in the account;
- close or terminate a Player Account and seize all funds held in such account,

Followed by the report of the activity to the relevant authority as further described below.

3.2 Transactions using Cryptocurrency

Cryptocurrency transactions are only possible through a regulated 3rd party cryptocurrency provider. Following this transaction, all subsequent transactions (deposits, wagers, and payouts) must be conducted using same 3rd party provider used in initial deposit(s).

The Company will not, at any time, sell, buy, or exchange cryptocurrency for or with FIAT currency. All cryptocurrency and FIAT currency exchanges, as well as related transaction processing, are conducted exclusively through authorized third-party service providers. The Company does not directly participate in or process any exchange or conversion between cryptocurrency and FIAT currency.

- Collection and verification of proof of identity and proof of address, as described in the 'Client Due Diligence' section, including age verification to ensure the Player is over 18 years of age;
- All currency exchange rates and conversions are provided by third-party service providers, with no direct exchange activity carried out by the Company.

It is important to note that due to the current anti-money-laundering regulations, the Player may deposit money into the Player Account only in order to play and to use the Services. Likewise, the Player may only withdraw winnings and not the funds deposited into the Player Account. Players who deposit and withdraw without gaming activities will have their funds blocked until further notice. The Company is not a financial institution and does not grant interest on deposits. In any case, the Company reserves the unlimited right to apply certain restrictions to the payment methods in selected countries and/or for certain Players.

Notification of new payment methods will be made on the homepage of the Website and sent by e-mail to the Account Holders as they are added. For each new depositing method, this Manual and the Terms and Conditions on the Website will be updated accordingly.

4. Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO)

The Company has designated an MLRO who is in charge of the review of KYC information and the monitoring of Player Account activities and is further assisted by designated personnel. The MLRO is in charge of the following:

- **ensure a proper review of the Player Accounts by the personnel in relation to identification and verification of an Account Holder,**
- **keep a list of registered Account Holders;**
- **monitor the reviews and investigations conducted by the designated personnel performed on the Player Account activities;**
- **provide initial and ongoing training to all relevant staff ensuring awareness of their personal responsibilities and the procedures in respect of identifying Players, monitoring Player activity, record-keeping and reporting any unusual/suspicious transactions;**
- **cooperate with all relevant administrative, enforcement and judicial authorities in their endeavor to prevent and detect criminal activity; and**
- **ensure that this policy is adhered to, reviewed and maintained regularly.**

4.1.1 Ongoing monitoring

The Company reserves the right to conduct a review at any time to validate the identity, age and/or registration data provided by the Player Account in order to verify the use by the Customer of the provided services for any breach of the Terms and Conditions and any applicable laws. At the moment of registration, the applicant provides the Company with authorization to make any relevant inquiries pertaining to his person and to use and disclose information to any third party considered necessary in order to conduct its verification checks. Third party agencies may be engaged in an effort to confirm the provided age, identity, address and payment details, the ordering of a credit report and/ or the verification of the provided information by checking it against certain public or private databases. All applicants are made aware that by accepting the Terms and Conditions of the Company, they agree that the provided information may be used, recorded and disclosed and that the data may be recorded by the Company or third party engaged.

The review may be performed from time to time at the discretion of the Company and/or due to regulatory, security or other business reasons. During the review the Account Holder may be restricted from withdrawing funds from the Player Account and/ or prevented from accessing certain Services offered on the Website.

4.1.2 Reporting of unusual transactions

Any transactions or circumstances for which the Company has not received sufficient verifying information for and/or of which the Company knows, suspects or has reason to suspect that any of the transaction(s), among other actions, (i) involve funds derived from illegal activities, (ii) are intended to conceal funds from illegal activities, or (iii) involve the use of the Company system to facilitate criminal activity, may give rise to its report to the FIU. The Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO) is in charge of the reporting with the relevant authority and will hold a list of all instances in which it did not consider it necessary to report. The decision not to report will be sufficiently supported. In case the report is filed with the FIU of Curacao or any internal investigation is taking place, the Account Holder shall not receive any of this information. It is prohibited to inform a Player or third parties of the reporting of or the intention to report an activity or transaction to the FIU.

4.1.3 Record keeping

The Company maintains a record of all relevant documentation on a separate database for at least **five years** after ending a business relationship. The Company is obliged to retain files in a way that enables investigating authorities to identify a satisfactory audit trail for individual transactions including the amounts, currencies and type of transactions.

In specific circumstances, if ordered by rule of law and permitted by national law and the relevant authorities, the Company may provide copies of the records maintained.

4.1.4 Training

In line to ensure the knowledge and awareness of the AML/CTF risks and the efforts conducted by the Company for the prevention thereof, all relevant staff are required to receive training at least once a year. The MLRO is responsible to determine the content of the training events but will ensure the following topics to be discussed:

- Awareness regarding certain topics and aspects concerning the fight, prevention, control and management of risks in relation to money laundering, the financing of terrorism and bribery and corruption amongst others;
- Policies and procedures maintained by the Company regarding the awareness, detection and deterrence of mentioned risks;
- Mechanisms, procedures, controls records and tools maintained by the Company in relation to the subjects discussed.

4.1.5 Staff Due Diligence & Whistleblower Protection

All employees and contractors undergo comprehensive background screening prior to employment, including verification of professional qualifications, employment history, and reference checks, with ongoing monitoring such as quarterly sanctions/PEP screenings and review of employee trading accounts for potential conflicts of interest. We provide multiple secure channels for reporting concerns, including an encrypted webform with blockchain verification, a dedicated 24/7 multilingual compliance hotline, and direct access to the Chair of the Audit Committee. Good faith reporters are protected from retaliation under Curaçao law, with all reports receiving immediate confidentiality protections, independent investigation by the Compliance Oversight Team, and formal resolution within 30 calendar days. All personnel are required to complete mandatory annual whistleblower policy training, quarterly awareness refreshers on reporting protocols, and specialized training for management on handling disclosures.

4.1.6 Periodical review of AML/CFT policies

The AML/CFT policies of the Company are subject to a yearly review, comprising of a fair and unbiased appraisal of each of the required elements of this policy. The review includes testing of internal controls and transactional systems and procedures to identify problems and weaknesses. The review may be conducted by Employee or group of Employees, so long as the reviewer is not the MLRO and does not report directly to the MLRO.

5. Reporting Obligations Under Curaçao's 2025 AML Regulations

Reporting Obligations

Play U.K N.V. is committed to fully complying with the National Ordinance for Identification of Services (NORUT) and all applicable regulations requiring the detection and reporting of unusual or potentially unusual transactions. The Company maintains robust procedures to meet these obligations effectively.

Procedures include:

- **Recognition of Unusual Transactions:**

Play U.K N.V. ensures that all staff are trained to identify unusual transactions using established objective indicators (such as transaction amounts, frequency, and patterns) and subjective indicators (such as customer behavior and risk profiles). This enables early detection of transactions that may require further scrutiny.

- **Documentation of Unusual Transactions:**

All unusual transactions identified by staff must be fully documented. Documentation must include all pertinent supporting information, such as copies of identification documents, transaction receipts, cash-out slips, and any other relevant records to ensure a clear audit trail.

- **Internal Reporting:**

Unusual transactions must be reported without delay to the Compliance Officer at Play U.K N.V. The Compliance Officer is responsible for reviewing all reports and maintaining a comprehensive filing system for such documentation in accordance with regulatory requirements.

Examples of unusual transactions that require reporting include, but are not limited to:

- Any transaction or series of transactions amounting to NAf. 5,000 or more within a single gaming day, whether conducted in cash, by cheque, electronically, or through other means.
- Transactions involving individuals, groups, or entities listed on sanctions lists pursuant to the Sanctions National Ordinance.
- Transactions that raise suspicion of being connected to money laundering or terrorist financing due to their nature, complexity, or lack of a clear lawful economic purpose.

Play U.K N.V. is dedicated to ensuring compliance with all AML regulations and supports ongoing staff training to maintain awareness of these reporting obligations.

July 31, 2025

Annex A

www.grandesloterias.com

www.playhugelottos.com

www.playusalotteries.com

www.lotto247.io

www.lotto247.com