

Platinum Technology N.V.
Curaçao

Financial Statements for the year ended
December 31, 2025

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23/6/2026

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as seen and verified by me:

Platinum Technology N.V.

Balance Sheet As at December 31, 2025

Assets Note 2025
(in US dollars)

Fixed Asset

Fixed asset

Financial assets

Total fixed assets

-
=

Current assets

Prepayments

15,796

Total Current Assets

15,796
=

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and banks

1

-

Total cash and cash equivalents

=

TOTAL ASSETS

15,796
=

Shareholder's equity and liabilities Note 2025
(in US dollars)

Shareholder's equity

Share capital

5,000

Current yearearnings

35,764

Retained Earnings

- 45,035

Total shareholders' equity

2

- 4,271
=

Current liabilities

Other payables

3

-

Accruals

1,961

Accounts payables

18,106

Total current liabilities

20,067
=

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

15,796



Name: IGA Trust B.V

Director



Name: Andrew Cassar

Accountant

Profit and loss account 2025

(in US dollars)

	Note	2025
Income		
<i>Waiver of Shareholders Balance</i>		101,184
Total Operating income		<u>101,184</u>
 <i>Cost of sales</i>		 <u>-</u>
Gross Profit		101,184
 Expense		
<i>Accounting fees</i>		5,015
<i>Professional fees</i>		56,715
<i>Exchange rate difference</i>		3,690
Operating result	4	<u>35,764</u>
 <i>Financial Income & expenses</i>		 <u>-</u>
Result from ordinary operations before tax		35,764
 <i>Taxation on result of ordinary activitie</i>		 <u>-</u>
Result after taxation		<u><u>35,764</u></u>

Platinum Technology N.V.

Notes to the financial statements

General

Activities

Platinum Technology NV (hereinafter referred to as: the “Company”), has its legal seat at Zuikertuintjeweg Z/N, Curaçao. The activities of the company consist of the organization, marketing, promoting, managing, and operation of remote gaming activities.

General accounting principles for the preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared according to the stipulations in Book 2 of the Curaçao Civil Code, using accounting principles selected by the entity and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Valuation of assets and liabilities and determination of the result takes place under the historical cost convention, unless presented otherwise.

Income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis. Profit is only included when realized on balance sheet date. Liabilities and any losses originating before the end of the financial year are taken into account, if they have become known before preparation of the financial statements.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include both primary financial instruments, such as receivables and payables, and financial derivatives.

The notes to the specific items of the balance sheet disclose the fair value of the related instrument if this deviates from the carrying amount. If the financial instrument is not recorded in the balance sheet the information on the fair value is disclosed in the notes to the ‘Contingent assets and liabilities’.

For the principles of primary financial instruments, reference is made to the recognition per balance sheet item.

Translation of foreign currency

Receivables, liabilities and obligations denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rates prevailing as at balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currency during the financial year are recognized in the financial statements at the exchange rates prevailing at transaction date. The exchange differences resulting from the translation as at balance sheet date, taking into account possible hedge transactions, are recorded in the profit and loss account.

Foreign operations outside Curaçao qualify as carrying on of business operations in a foreign country, with a functional currency different from that of the company. For the translation of the financial statements of these foreign entities, the balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rate as at balance sheet date and the profit and loss account items at the exchange rate at transaction date. The exchange rate differences that arise are directly deducted from or added to equity.

Platinum Technology N.V.

Principles of valuation of assets and liabilities

Financial fixed assets

Financial fixed assets are valued based on the entity's net share in the investment and, if applicable, less impairments in value.

Receivables

Upon initial recognition, the receivables are valued at fair value and then valued at amortized cost. The fair value and amortized cost equal the face value. Provisions deemed necessary for possible bad debt losses are deducted. These provisions are determined by individual assessment of the receivables.

Cash at bank

The cash is valued at face value. If cash equivalents are not freely disposable, then this has been taken into account upon valuation.

Long-term and short-term liabilities

Upon initial recognition, the loans and liabilities recorded are stated at fair value and then valued at amortized cost.

Principles for the determination of the result

Net-turnover

Net turnover represents amounts invoiced for services supplied during the financial year reported on, net of discounts and value added taxes.

Revenues from services are recognized in proportion to the services rendered, based on the cost incurred in respect of the services performed up to balance sheet date, in proportion to the estimated costs of the aggregate services to be performed. The cost price of these services is allocated to the same period.

Taxation

Profit tax is calculated at the applicable rate on the result for the financial year, taking into account permanent differences between profit calculated according to the financial statements and profit calculated for taxation purposes, and with which deferred tax assets (if applicable) are only valued insofar as their realization is likely.

1 Cash and Banks

(in US dollars)

As at year end the company had a balance of:

-

2 Shareholder's equity

(in US dollars)

The movement of the shares that the legal entity held for its own account during the financial year is as follows:

31/12/2025

Balance as at January 1 5,000

Purchase

Disposal

Balance as at December 31 5,000

Movements;

Dividend distribution

Allocation to other reserve

Retained Earnings - 45,035

Current Year Earnings 35,764

Carrying value as at December 31 - 9,271

Accumulated impairments in value as at December 31 - 4,271

3 Other Payables

(in US dollars)

31/12/2025

Balance as at January 1

-

4 Administrative expenses

(in US dollars)

31/12/2025

Accounting fees 5,015

Professional fees 56,715

Exchange rate difference 3,690

Total Administrative expenses 65,420